



SOUTH DALLAS FAIR PARK AREA PLAN

MAY 2025

CITY PLAN COMMISSION & SOUTH DALLAS/FAIR PARK TASKFORCE DRAFT



PLANNING + DEVELOPMENT

Director
Deputy Director
Chief Planner
Project Management Team
P+UD Staff

Emily Liu, FAICP
Andrea Gilles, AICP
Patrick Blaydes
Lindsay Jackson, Sandra Bowie
Seferinus Okoth, Don Raines, Ted Helm, Asma Shaikh

Scottie Smith, Chairperson, Tabitha Wheeler-Reagan, Co-chairperson, Rev. Todd Atkins, South Dallas Fair Park Faith Coalition, Jason Brown, Developer, Karim Bryant, Developer, Randall Bryant, Dallas Black Chamber of Commerce, Melanie Ferguson, Mathews Southwest, Dorothy Hopkins, Frazier Revitalization Inc., Trae Jacob, Colonial Hills Resident, Eva Jones, Queen City Neighborhood Association President, Hank Lawson, Fair Pointe South Revitalization Committee Chair, Traswell Livingston, AIDS Services of Dallas, Brian Lullien, Fair Park First, Linda McMahon, The Real Estate Council, Sherri Mixon, T.R. Hoover Community Development Corporation, Celeste Paylor, Queen City Resident, Diane Ragsdale, Innercity Community Development Corporation, Clifton Reese, Bonton Farms, Julie Saqueton, St. Phillips, Marco Villegas, Apartment Owner, Marian Williams, Southfair Community Development Corporation

LETTER FROM THE TASKFORCE CHAIR

IN PROGRESS



CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION

For Review Use Only - Draft

South Dallas/Fair Park (SDFP) generally comprises the area geographically defined by Planned Development District No. 595 (PD595), the South Dallas/Fair Park Special Purpose District. This district spans over 3,000 acres and is bounded by key roads and railways, including Union Pacific Railroad, CF Hawn Freeway, and R.L. Thornton Freeway. The South Second Ave and Elsie Faye Heggins Street intersection is at the center of the area, which also includes the Fair Park, MLK, Hatcher, and Lawnview DART stations. This Area Plan also includes areas immediately adjacent to PD595, including William Blair Jr. Park to the south.

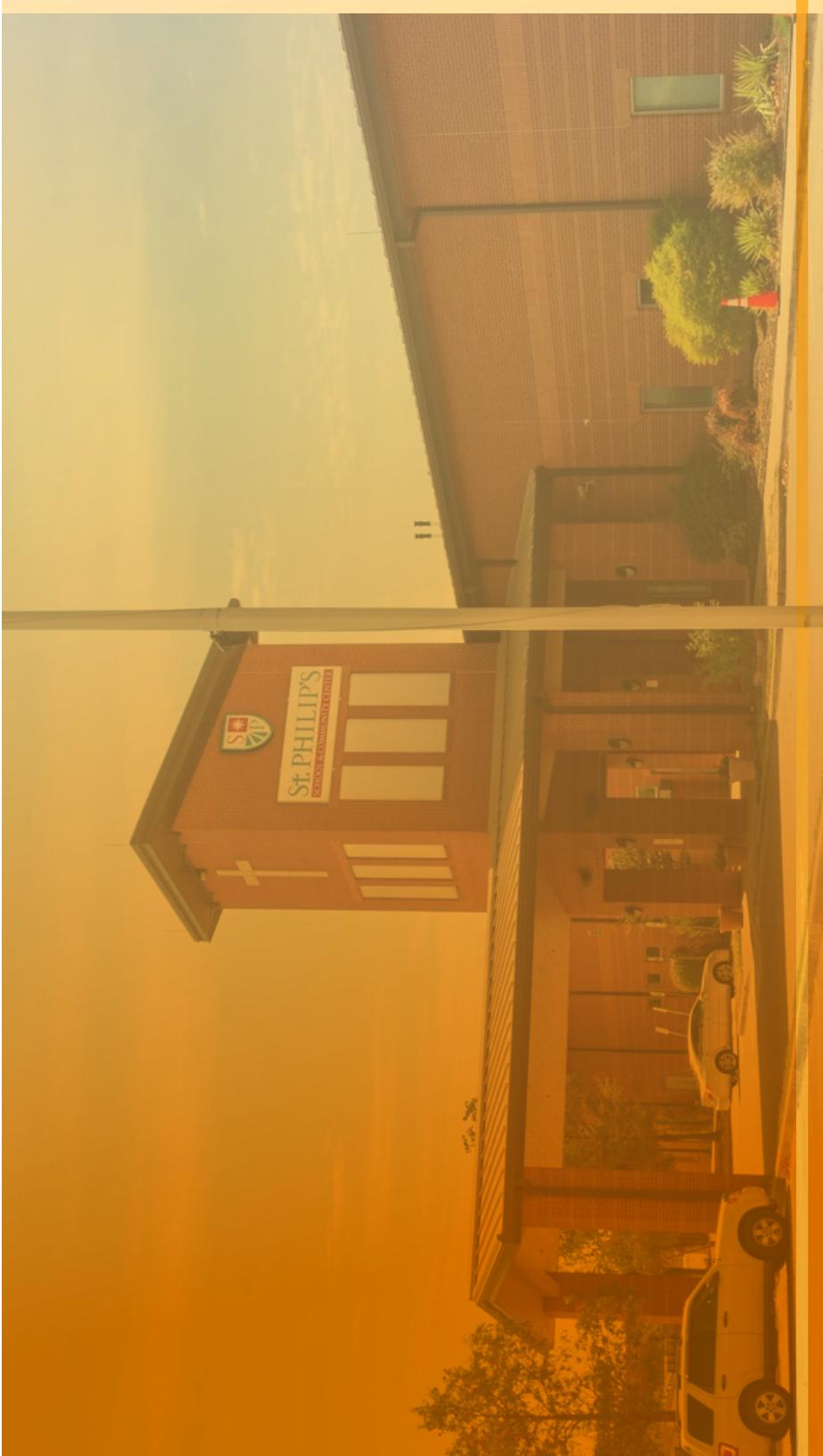
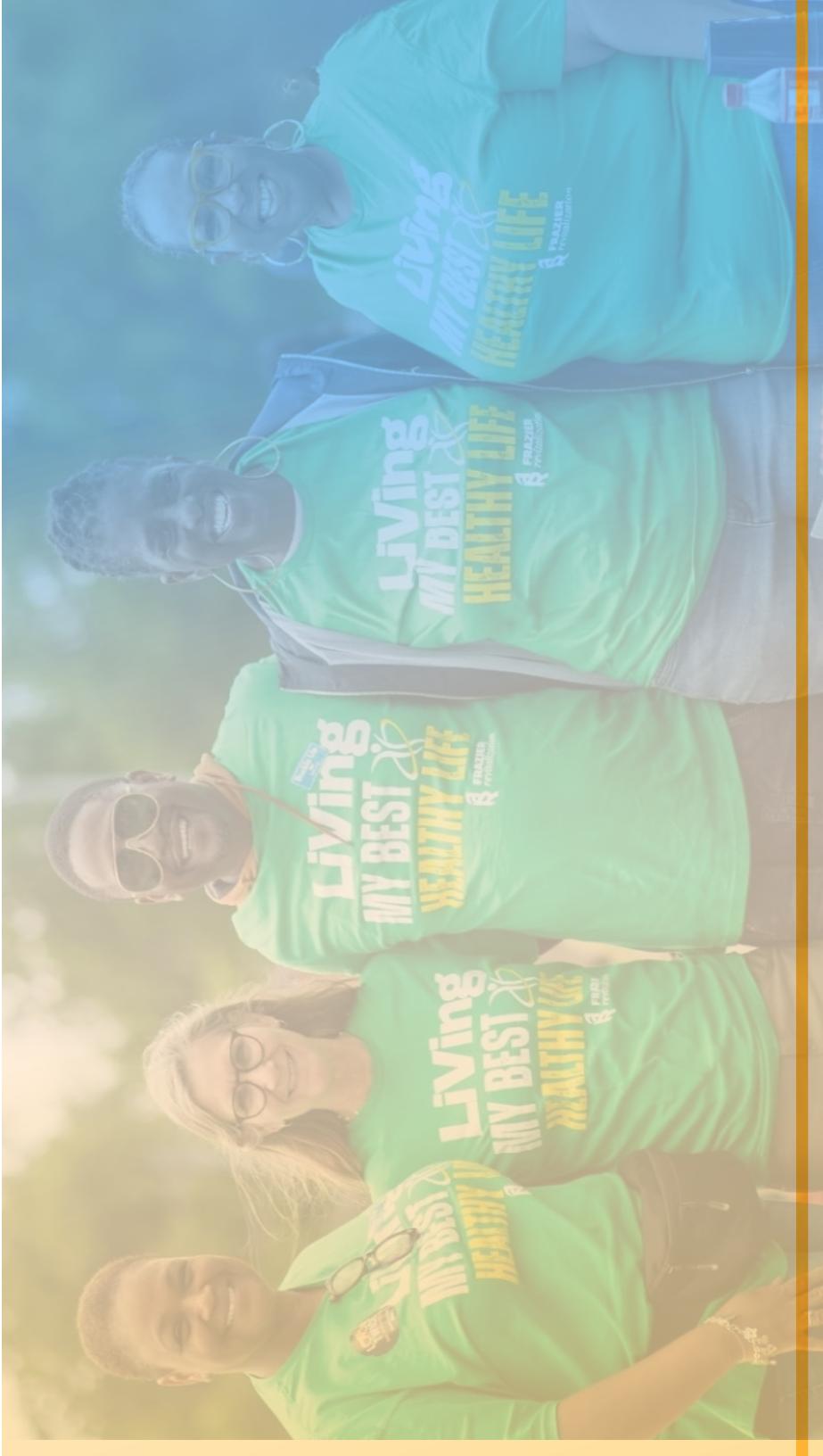
SDFP has a rich history and culture born from the legends of the past and present. The community's power remains within the resilience and fortitude of its residents, community organizations, and local businesses. Although challenged by disinvestment for decades, community groups and advocates never lost faith in the strength and opportunity in this community.

As a renaissance began to occur in South Dallas, a renewed need emerged to reaffirm and update community goals and priorities through a strategic process and coordinated action by a coalition of area groups. This coalition, representing residents, businesses, nonprofit leaders, developers, activists and faith-based organizations, was selected by the District 7 City Council office to represent diverse viewpoints, needs, and solutions for the area.

Given the large number of previous planning efforts within SDFP, the task force championed that this plan should focus on implementation and action, rather than another visioning exercise. Discussions were challenging and passionate, but the task force dug in and persevered through the process. As a result, this SDFP Area Plan lays an achievable path that promotes change and preservation.

THE FOUR-YEAR PLANNING PROCESS INCLUDED EXTENSIVE COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT, CONVERSATIONS, AND STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT TO REAFFIRM ESTABLISHED GOALS, CONFIRM UPDATED PRIORITIES, AND IDENTIFY THE ACTIONS AND PARTNERSHIPS NEEDED TO IMPLEMENT THE PLAN.

- 1 PLANNING PROCESS**
- 2 GUIDING PRINCIPLES**
- 3 FOCUS AREAS**
- 4 IMPLEMENTATION TABLE**



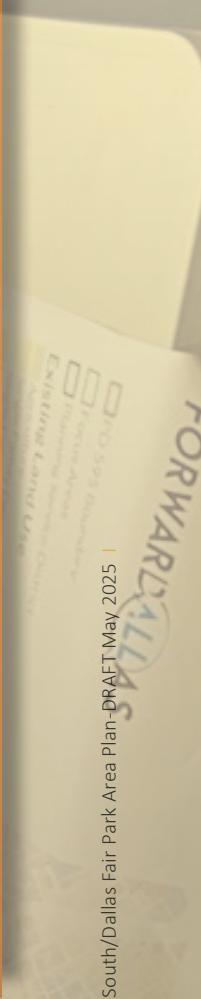
PLANNINGS PROCESS

CONTENTS

- A. BACKGROUND & STUDY AREA ?
- B. STRATEGIC APPROACH ?
- C. HISTORICAL CONTEXT & DEMOGRAPHICS
- D. EXISTING LAND-USE + ZONING ANALYSIS
- E. LEGACY BUILDERS & NEW PROJECTS

CHAPTER OVERVIEW

This chapter provides an overview of the background on the planning process, existing conditions of the project area, a brief historical context, and some of the area's key legacy projects. Understanding current and past conditions helps to establish a foundation for informed decision making and updated priority setting. By examining the existing conditions and some of the key projects--both of the past and new--we gain insight into both the opportunities and constraints that will shape future development and preservation efforts.





BACKGROUND

In January 2020, this planning and community engagement effort began with a five-signature memo submitted by Councilmember Adam Bazaldua (District 7) and co-signed by Councilmembers Jaime Resendez (District 5), Paula Blackmon (District 9), Omar Narvaez (District 6), and Adam Medrano (District 2). Shortly after authorization, the request was halted due to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. During this time of pause, it became evident that an area plan was necessary to support the authorized hearing (zoning) process.

Area plans, which are also City-initiated and City Council-adopted, aim to create a future growth vision for multiple neighborhoods while addressing infrastructure improvements and other land-use concerns. Councilmember Bazaldua formed the South Dallas/Fair Park Area Plan Taskforce to guide the process and ensure diverse perspectives and input. The Taskforce, consisting of 23 members, included community leaders from multidisciplinary institutions, neighborhood association presidents, and representatives from organizations such as the Landmark Commission, Dallas Black Chamber, Bonton Farms, and Fair Park First.

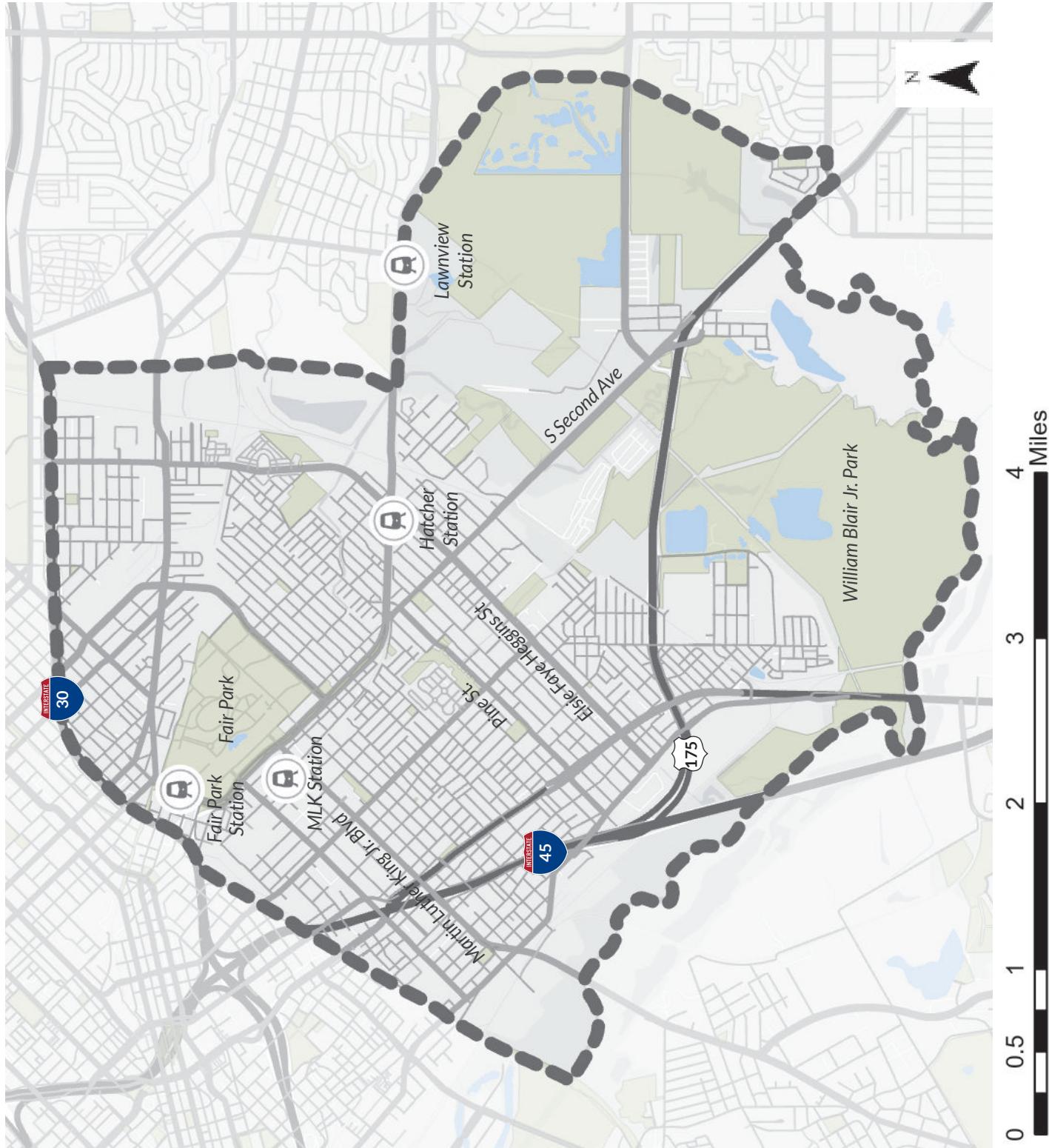
The early Taskforce meetings were challenging, with stakeholders somewhat in silos, advocating for the unique needs of their individual neighborhoods and/or organizations within this very large planning area, all while managing to meet during a pandemic. There was also struggle to resolve visioning for an area that had been planned over and over

for decades, without much result. Over time, a shift in leadership and focus on the Taskforce led to an agreement that an implementation-driven approach, rather than solely a land-use vision, would better serve the community.

Those many past planning efforts, including the 2001 South Dallas/Fair Park Economic Development Corridor Plan, which catalyzed PD 595, were reviewed by City staff and the Taskforce, and established the blueprint for this plan. Many of the past plans addressed immediate needs, such as a pathway toward eliminating nuisance properties; however, the longer-term vision of active and culturally celebrated businesses and institutions and quality housing for South Dallas residents fell short. As a result, the area was left with an abundance of vacant buildings and restrictive development codes, now seen as barriers to growth.

The SDFP community is advocating for change, demanding answers about proposed infrastructure projects, the increasing numbers of unsheltered individuals, and the lack of locally based economic development. Longtime residents and influential community leaders emphasize the urgency to protect the area's cultural identity and address displacement pressures. Change is already evident in the area. Along Pennsylvania Avenue, vacant lots are transforming into contemporary homes priced above the city's median average housing price, signaling rapid development, and a need for proactive planning to ensure equitable outcomes. This plan proposes to tackle those issues.

STUDY AREA



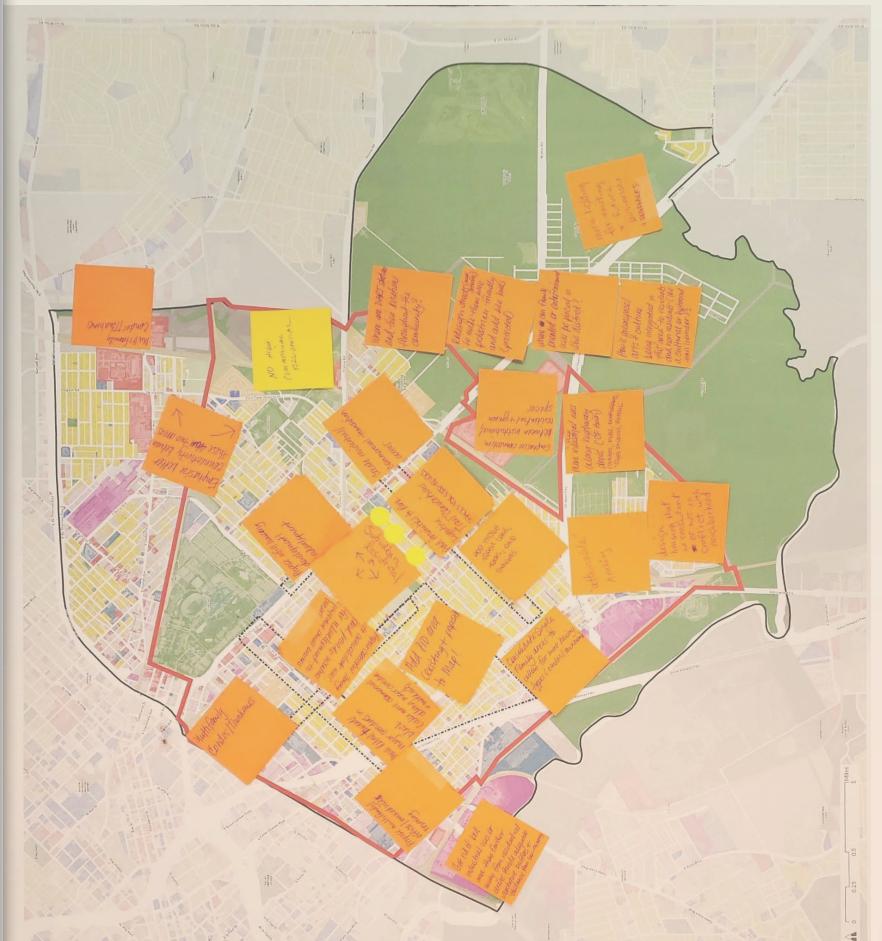
STRATEGIC APPROACH

The Taskforce adopted a strategic approach to prioritize key issues for stakeholders and integrate relevant land use elements into the broader ForwardDallas 2.0 Comprehensive Land Use Plan. They identified six guiding principles: Land Use and Zoning, Housing, Economic Development, Infrastructure, Community Wellbeing, and History and Culture.

The next milestone involved determining focus areas within South Dallas. After months of deliberation, the Taskforce identified five priority areas: 2nd Avenue, Elsie Faye Higgins Street, Malcolm X Boulevard, Martin Luther King, Jr. DART Station, and Queen City.

To address challenges such as “grossly incompatible housing types,” a term coined by former Councilwoman Ms. Diane Ragsdale, the Taskforce formed two internal working groups. One group focused on housing and proposed the need for residential design standards. The other group reviewed Planned Development 595 to recommend new uses, resolve barriers in the ordinance, and identify uses that should still require Specific Use Permits (SUPs).

In summer 2022, planning staff began engaging the broader community, visiting faith-based organizations, businesses, non-profits, neighborhood associations, and other stakeholders in South Dallas. The first public meeting was held at the South Dallas Cultural Center in December 2022, where residents provided feedback on the guiding principles, focus areas, and additional community development concerns related to land use and development. This effort aimed to create a timely, implementation-focused plan achievable within five years. South Dallas/Fair Park (SDFP) stakeholders emphasized the need for their voices to be heard. The planning process fostered greater coordination in prioritizing needs and determining actionable next steps. Community leaders are demanding answers to pressing issues, including public works, homelessness, and the rapid development that risks displacing long-time residents. The urgency for change is palpable, as new developments and rising home values transform neighborhoods, bringing both opportunity and challenges.



HISTORICAL CONTEXT

The South Dallas/Fair Park area has a rich but complex history shaped by racial segregation, economic inequality, and resilience. Originally a working-class white neighborhood, it transitioned to a predominantly Black community during the early-to-mid 20th century due to a combination of redlining, restrictive covenants, and the Great Migration of African-Americans seeking opportunities in northern and western cities.

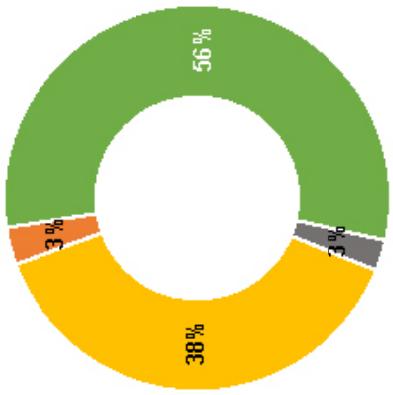
Fair Park itself played a central role in racial segregation; though it was a site for major events such as the Texas Centennial Exposition in 1936, Black residents were excluded or segregated from many facilities. Post-World War II urban renewal projects, highway construction, and disinvestment led to significant displacement and economic decline in the area.

Despite these challenges, over time, the area became a cultural hub for Dallas' Black community, businesses, thriving neighborhoods, and institutions despite systemic barriers. South Dallas/Fair Park remains a symbol of Black heritage and cultural significance, with efforts now focused on equitable revitalization to honor its history while addressing long-standing disparities.

In the past two decades much work has been accomplished to help revitalize South Dallas. Twenty years ago, the zoning was changed to help remove "bad actor" businesses that plagued South Dallas. Housing and Community groups such as ICDC, Frazier Revitalization, Habitat for Humanity, Cornerstone Baptist Church, St. Phillips School, Bonton Farms, Forward Forest Theater, and others have built housing, supportive services and a created network of organizations dedicated to South Dallas residents.

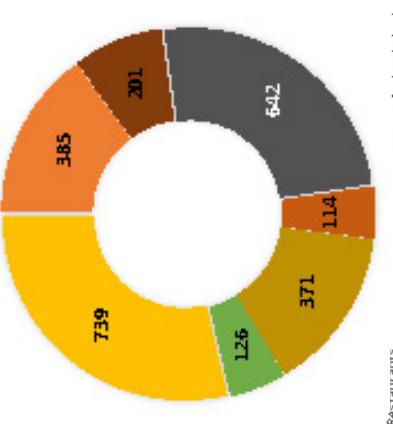
DEMOGRAPHICS

POPULATION / RACE



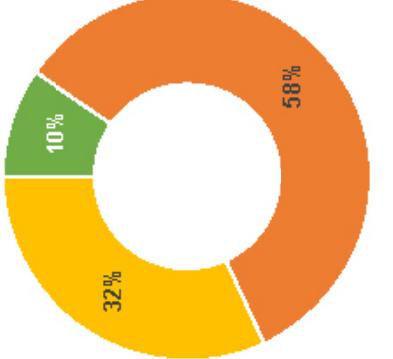
Radial Distribution
■ Hispanic ■ White ■ Black ■ Other Races

ECONOMY



Major Employers
■ Restaurants ■ Churches ■ Government offices-City, Village & Twp ■ Schools

HOUSING



Housing Occupancy
■ Vacant Units ■ Renter owned ■ Owner Owned

POPULATION
31,543

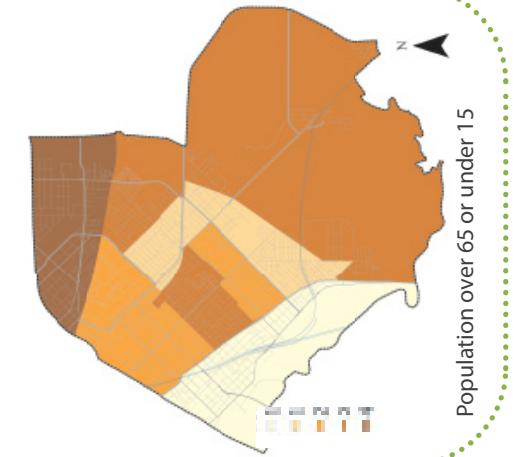
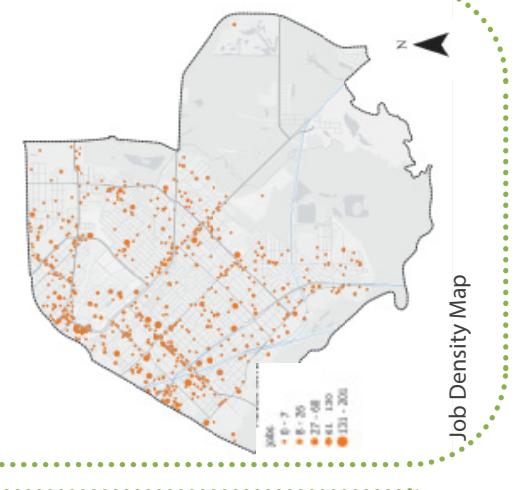
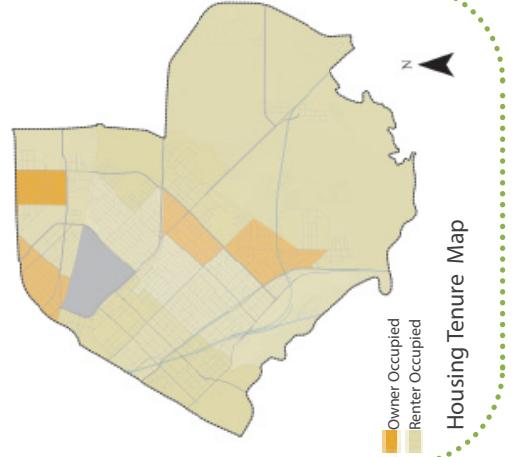
DEPENDENT POPULATION
12,509

JOBS
7,478

MEDIAN INCOME
31,663

HOUSING UNITS
12,418

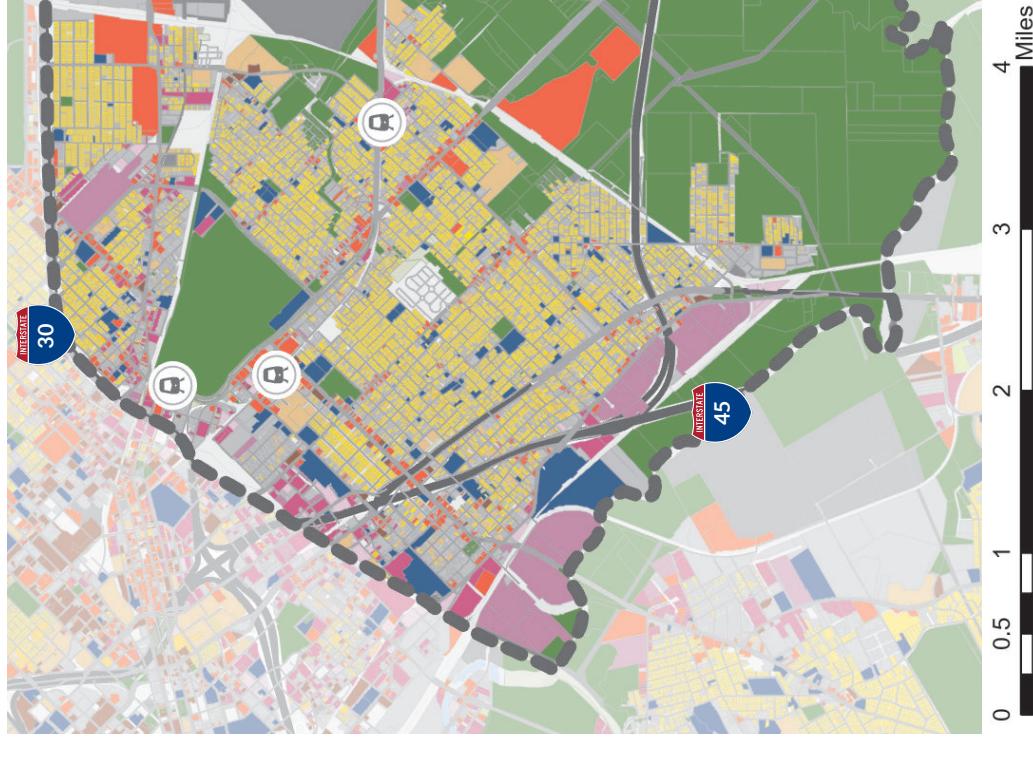
HOUSEHOLDS
11,225



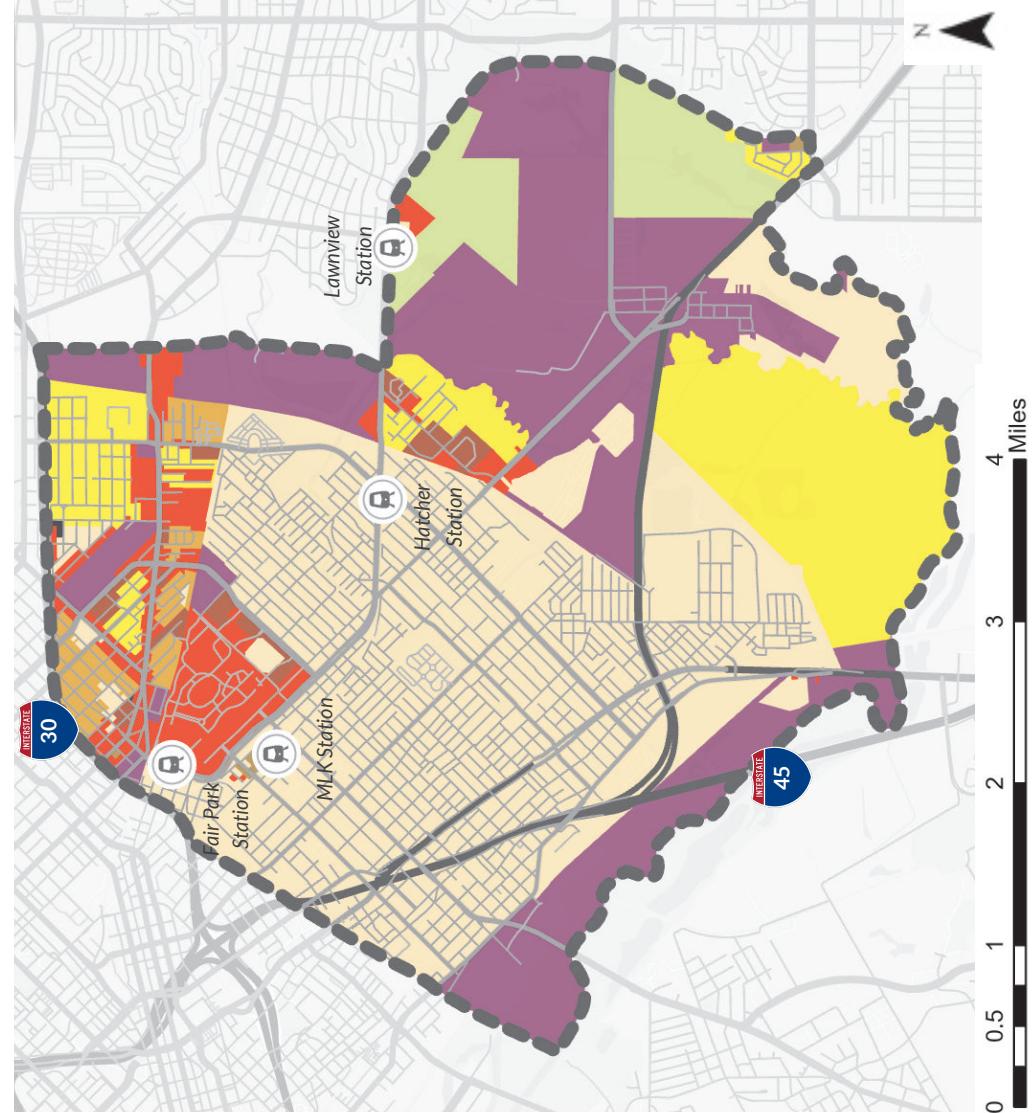
EXISTING LAND USE

Parks and open space represent a large portion of the existing land use in South Dallas/Fair Park. This is mainly due to Fair Park (Northwest section of the map), Oakland Cemetery (Center on the map), and the flood plain where White Rock Creek meets the Trinity River (eastern portion of the map). South Dallas/Fair Park is primarily represented by single family attached and detached land uses, as shown in yellow on the map. Many of the neighborhoods in South Dallas such as Bertrand, Bonton, Colonial Hills, Ideal, Mill City, Queen City, Wheately Place, and South Blvd. are located in these residential land use areas.

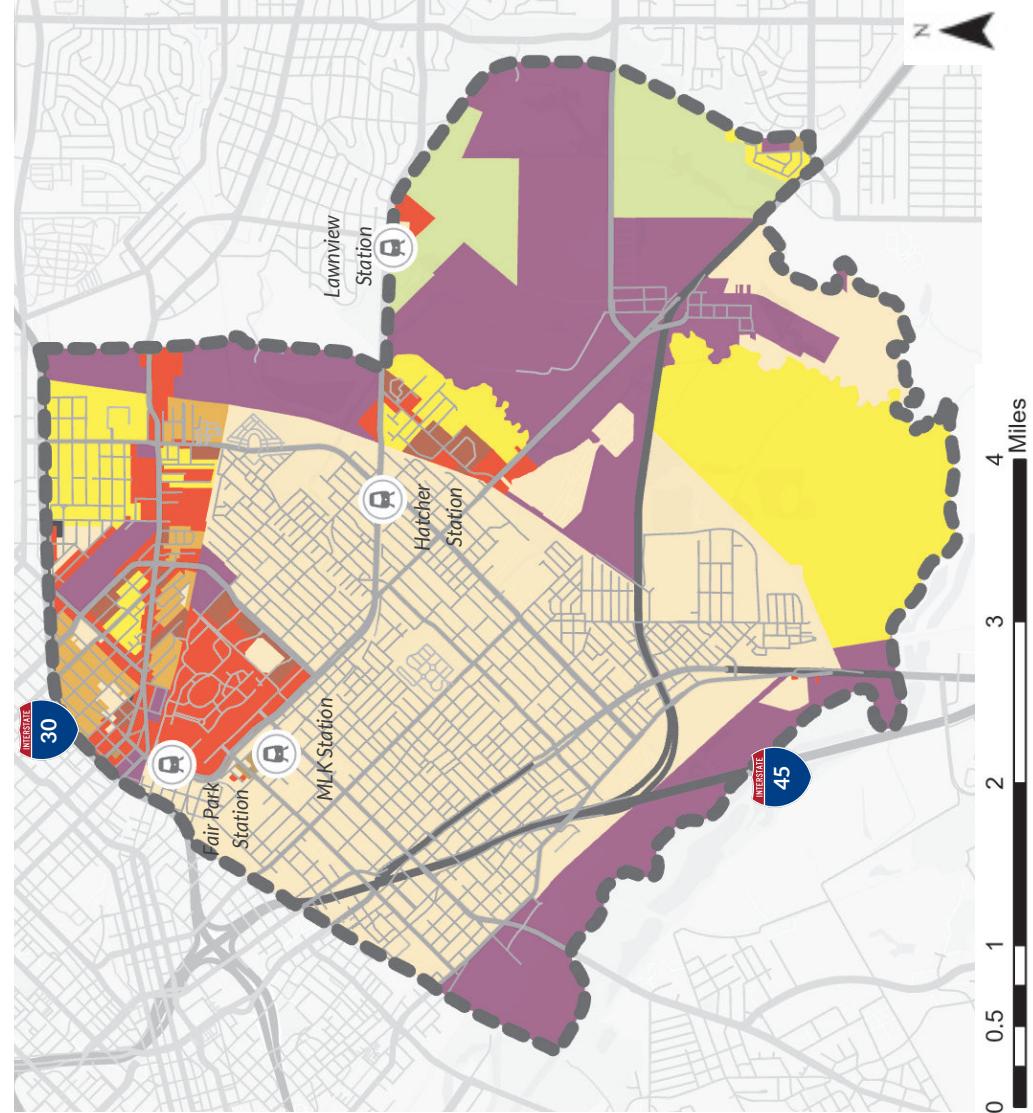
Commercial uses, represented in red, are generally located along major streets. It is important to note that in both the commercial areas and within the residential areas that there is roughly ten percent of vacant land. Industrial land uses, represented in various hues of purple, are located along and between the freeways, as well as along Botham Jean Blvd. Lastly, there is a high amount of institutional (blue) existing land use. Institutional land uses include schools, community centers, churches, and other faith-based organizations, non-profits, and government buildings.



WHEN FACTORING OUT FAIR PARK & FLOOD PLAIN, RESIDENTIAL IS THE PRIMARY LAND USE, WITH COMMERCIAL ALONG CORRIDORS.



MAJORITY OF SOUTH DALLAS IS COVERED BY PDs, WITH INDUSTRIAL ZONING ALONG THE OUTSKIRTS.



EXISTING ZONING

Permit approved by City Council. It also limits community gardens in residential districts because of an abundance of groups outside of South Dallas who established “community gardens” on vacant lots only to abandon them. The PD was also written to act as a master PD meant to dictate the development of South Dallas the way similar PDs act in Oaklawn, the Cedars, or North Oak Cliff.

Much of South Dallas is under Planned Development Number 595 (PD-595/PD). With only slight exceptions, it is a traditional land use based zoning code separating South Dallas into different areas for single family, multifamily, or commercial. It was written roughly twenty-five years ago to address certain issues South Dallas was facing at the time, namely the abundance of convenience stores that sold beer and wine and little nutritious food. The PD specifically makes those land uses allowable only through a Specific Use

LEGACY BUILDERS & NEW PROJECTS

BACKGROUND

The following organizations have stood firm for more than two decades as pillars of the South Dallas community by building, restoring, and creating opportunities for residents and businesses, despite years of disinvestment in the area. Representatives of each of the organizations continued their commitment to the community by participating in the area planning process. Their long history has allowed them to develop a deep understanding of local issues, relationships, and resources, all critical to achieving the vision for South Dallas.

education achievement gap, affordable housing, and community engagement in the historic Frazier neighborhood. Services: Frazier Revitalization provides a range of community-oriented services, including a community lawyering center, after-school programs, and **6 BONTON FARMS**, 6911 Bexar St.

INNERCITY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, 4907 Spring Avenue ICDC's mission is to create a stable, safe, and vibrant, South Dallas/Fair Park community by building partnerships that provide homeownership opportunities, economic development, community education, and advocacy. "Building Lives, Revitalizing Neighborhoods".

1 CORNERSTONE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

1819 Martin Luther King Jr Blvd. The Cornerstone Community Development Corporation (CCDC) is dedicated to the acquisition, stabilization, and development of real estate properties within the target area of South Dallas. Their mission is to revitalize the community by providing quality, affordable housing options and fostering economic growth through strategic real estate initiatives. Through our work, we aim to uplift neighborhoods and enhance the overall quality of life for residents in South Dallas.

2 FRAZIER REVITALIZATION

4716 Elsie Faye Heggins St. The organization prioritizes health access, bridging the

Priorities: Collaborative community planning, quality housing, economic development, wellness, and public safety initiatives to improve the quality of life for all South Dallas residents.

6 BONTON FARMS

Bonton's Farm operates a farm-to-table restaurant and provides fresh, locally sourced food to combat food deserts and promote wellness, public safety initiatives to improve the quality of life for all South Dallas residents.

7 FOREST FORWARD

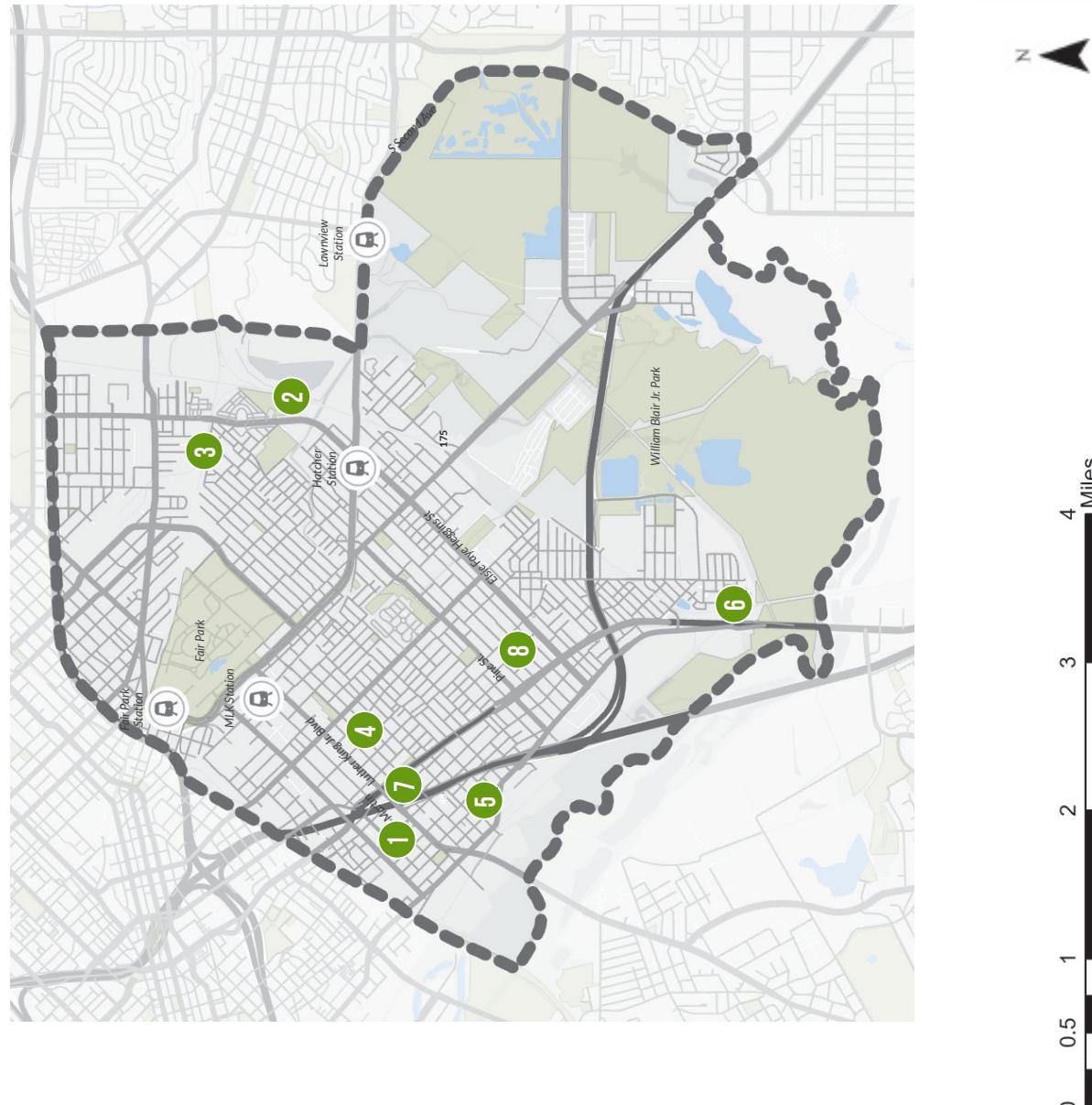
1920 Martin Luther King Jr.

The historic Forest Theater, previously vacant for 15 years is undergoing a major renovation to bring the theater back to life. Included in the proposal is a potential mixed-income housing component for the community development project, which will help diversify the housing in the neighborhood.

8 PARK SOUTH FAMILY YMCA

2500 Romine Ave

This newly renovated YMCA will serve as a critical asset to the Queen City neighborhood and the larger South Dallas/Fair Park area. It features one of the only three saltwater pools in the region, providing opportunities for fitness, recreation, and community programming for residents of all ages.



2

CHAPTER OVERVIEW

The task force spent a number of months and numerous meetings thoughtfully discussing what the underlying guiding principles for their work and the area plan. Ultimately they decided on the six listed below. These six principles are meant to be the heart of the work and the recommendations included in the plan.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

CONTENTS

- A. LAND USE & ZONING
- B. HISTORY & CULTURE
- C. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
- D. INFRASTRUCTURE
- E. COMMUNITY WELL BEING
- F. HOUSING + DESIGN

KEY ISSUES

1. Amend PD 595 to address identified land use issues.
2. Develop major commercial corridors to become mixed use corridors and allow residential uses.
3. Develop design standards for single family homes.
4. Address specific use permits and parking.

GOAL

Amend land use policy and zoning regulations to support the repurposing of vacant and underutilized land uses for activities people designate to land for various economic or cultural purposes (e.g., agricultural, residential, industrial, and recreational uses).

CONTEXT

Land use describes how people use the land. It refers to the activities people designate to land for various economic or cultural purposes (e.g., agricultural, residential, industrial, and recreational uses).

Where do you go on Saturday mornings for goods and services? This question was presented by Tabitha Wheeler, Co-Chair of the South Dallas/Fair Park Taskforce. This question guided the taskforce and South Dallas/Fair Park residents for what specific land uses they wanted to see in their community. Community members expressed the desire for small businesses like coffee shops, smoothie shops, nice sit down restaurants, and many more.

This community feedback ultimately became the basis for the future placetypes for this plan area, as represented in ForwardDallas 2.0.

Placetypes describe the long-term vision and desired building and preservation characteristics for different places within the city including neighborhoods, mixed-use areas, employment and industry centers, and open spaces. They provide a high-level guide for the desired mix of land uses, design and the recommended intensity and

A LAND USE + ZONING

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

A1 Amend land use policy and zoning regulations to address incompatibility between uses and promote vibrant neighborhoods and thriving commercial corridors.

A2 Develop design guidance for new housing in South Dallas/Fair Park that is reflective of existing housing in established neighborhoods.

A3 Encourage development of new, diverse housing options at appropriate locations including major corridors and transit hubs.

ACTION STEPS

Amend zoning regulations in the PD that address concerns and issues facing the community today.

- o Consider amending the PD to:
 - o Allow Catering Services land use by right in the mixed-use subdistrict.
 - o Allow Restaurant with Food-To-Go land use by right in mixed-use subdistrict.
 - o Allow Massage uses as an accessory land use to other Personal Service land uses.
 - o Include Vape Shops as a Tobacco Store not allowed.
 - o Review the parking mandate in the PD, and if not addressed through citywide policies, reduce or in some cases remove the parking mandate from the PD.
- o Prioritize redevelopment of commercial corridors and nodes as mixed use for appropriate scaling and density.
 - o Review the zoning for the following:
 - o Areas identified as Community Mixed Use for mixed -use subdistrict within the PD allowing Low to Mid Rise buildings.
 - o Areas identified as Neighborhood Mixed-Use for mixed use subdistrict within the PD allowing Low Rise buildings.
 - o Areas identified as Regional Mixed-Use for mixed-use subdistrict within the PD allowing Mid to High-Rise buildings.

GOAL

Protect, support and celebrate South Dallas Fair Park history, culture, people and architecture.

CONTEXT

South Dallas developed as an industrial and residential area in the late 19th and early 20th centuries. Its proximity to downtown and major railroads made it a hub for commerce and housing.

By the early 20th century, Jim Crow laws and discriminatory practices relegated African Americans to specific areas, including South Dallas. These policies led to the area's transformation into a predominantly Black community.

South Dallas became a focal point for civil rights activism, with leaders and organizations advocating for desegregation, voting rights, and economic opportunities.

B HISTORY & CULTURE

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

B1 Protect, support, and celebrate South Dallas/Fair Park history, culture, people, and architecture.

B2 Promote urban design that respects the historic design and architecture of the area.

B3 Promote and support community spaces that celebrate the community's history.

B4 Support local small businesses and entrepreneurs, especially along cultural corridors such as 2nd Avenue, MLK JR, and Malcolm X.

OVERVIEW

South Dallas is rich in culture and historical significance.

There are numerous cultural assets throughout South Dallas spanning museums and cultural heritage including artists and musicians, architecture and buildings, neighborhoods, and family friendly spaces and places. The South Dallas community's rich history of prominent community leaders are immortalized by way of major throughfares throughout the community.

As you enter South Dallas from downtown you may find yourself on Al Lipscomb Way once known as Grand Ave. Al Lipscomb Way is a direct entrance for vehicular traffic to Fair Park. Albert Louis "Al" Lipscomb, a seven-term Council member, and advocate for civil rights was born June 15, 1925. He was the lead plaintiff in the 1970s lawsuit that successfully challenged Dallas' system of electing every council member citywide, forcing the city to change to a mostly single -member district system.

Elsie Faye Huggins, Council member and civil rights activist, born August 20, 1934, fought for recognition of Dallas's Black heritage through the naming of streets and buildings. It has been said by many Dallas residents that "Mrs. Huggins is a true Dallas pioneer, building and fashioning a city that would serve ALL of its citizens, not just a select few for future generations."

ACTION STEPS

- Protect South Dallas/Fair Park history and culture.
 - Charge the Neighborhood Coalition and SDFP Taskforce with establishing a process to select a history and culture committee.
 - Pursue historical markers for Mrs. Pearl C Anderson home, and Hayden Grocery Store located in Queen City.
 - Celebrate South Dallas/Fair Park history by archiving historical information and creating a living document via online publication.
 - Work with existing cultural organizations such as South Dallas Cultural Center to collect oral histories from South Dallas residents.
 - Collect historical artifacts (photos, videos, memorabilia) of prominent South Dallas families to tell the story of various South Dallas communities.
 - Work with local sororities, and fraternities chapters that serve South Dallas and identify historical and cultural events of significance.
 - Document and collect history and cultural experiences from Fair Park in reference to African Americans. (State Fair Classic, Prairie View A&M and Grambling State)



CONTEXT

Cultural assets are public amenities and elements of communities that create identity and shape external perceptions of place, including cultural facilities & institutions, cultural districts, and neighborhood gateways & identity.

Cultural Assets

South Dallas is rich with historic and cultural heritage. The following cultural assets are not an inclusive list, but are some of the more prominent spaces, places, art, and figures that shaped the community. Keeping these legacies alive and further preserving others, retain a connection to the past while strengthening a sense of community and pride in South Dallas.

South Dallas Neighborhoods

Dixon Circle
Rose Garden
Bertrand
Wheatly Place
Queen City
Bonton
Ideal, Elite
Romine
Mill City
Dolphin Heights
Charles Rice
Lincoln Manor
South Blvd. Park Row
Colonial Hill
Forest Heights & St. Phillips

MUHAMMAD ALI A CUSTOMER OF
GRAHAM'S BARBER SHOP
Jeffries-Meyers



LEFT TO RIGHT: Customer, Jimmie Malone, Marie Cook, Althea Kim-brough, Customer, William Schufford, John Coleman - mgr., and two customers s.

Family & Friendly Spaces and Places

MLK Center Library/Recreation
Mildred Dunn Splash Park
Exline Aquatic Center
Juanita Craft Tennis Court
South Dallas Bicycle Club - Al Lipscomb Way
MLK Senior Center
Larry Johnson Recreation Center
Mildred Dunn Recreation Center, Turner Courts
Recreation center
Leo Chaney Park
Rochester Park William Blair Park
Juanita Craft Recreation Center
Willie Mae Butler Park, Dixon Circle

South Dallas Historical Markers

New Hope Baptist Church July 27, 1873
Salem Institutional Baptist Church 1888
African American Museum
Graham Barbershop

Historical Figures Memorialized by Street Name Dedication

SM Wright -Dallas native, born February 7, 1927, a Pastor, political strategist, and Dallas religious leader.
In 1995, then Governor George W. Bush made Wright the first African American to have a Dallas freeway named in his honor.
J.B. Jackson Jr. -civil rights leader, political strategist, founding member of the Dallas Area Rapid Transit Board, and real estate broker. He worked with Elsie Faye Higgins to get access ramps placed within South Dallas community from Interstate 45.

Cultural Artists/Musicians

Bobbie Humphrey -Flutist Lincoln High School
David Fathead Newman -played with Ray Charles
Butler Smith - played with John Coltrane
Red Garland
Shirly McFatter
Belle Roberts Children Choir
South Dallas Concert Choir
William Sidney Pittman

KEY ISSUES

1. Continued challenges in attracting private investment, and, a lack of infrastructure is hindering development.
2. Aging commercial corridors.
3. Lack of equitable economic development strategies.
4. Limited support for retaining & expanding existing small businesses.

GOAL

Promote economic growth and sustainable development to pursue catalytic opportunities for commercial and residential development.

CONTEXT

Many of the commercial corridors and commercial nodes in South Dallas have struggled for a number of years. Disinvestment both on the private and public side have contributed to the struggles. Targeted strategies for investment in local businesses and entrepreneurs are needed. These strategies need to incorporate and promote equitable economic development policy in South Dallas.

In addition to equitable investment, the corridors and nodes themselves should be reimaged as mixed-use corridors and nodes to include both non-residential and residential uses.

C ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

Pursue impactful investment opportunities for commercial and residential development and redevelopment

C1

Promote small businesses and neighborhood-focused businesses to establish SD/FP as a destination.

C2

Encourage businesses that are compatible with surrounding residences.

C3

Foster creation of walkable commercial corridors with small businesses, green spaces, pocket parks and recreation.

C4

OVERVIEW

The Taskforce members, reflecting the desires of the community, felt that in order to create economic development in South Dallas, the City should direct funding into small and local businesses while also creating opportunities for new development along major corridors. There are opportunities to make more impactful use of existing funding sources such as the South Dallas/Fair Park Opportunity Fund and the Grand Park South TIF. In addition, allowing more mixed use along the corridors would help create economic development opportunities.

ACTION STEPS

Grand Park South TIF

- Revamp TIF Board. Recommend members who have a vested interest in the TIF and South Dallas.
- Provide onboarding and trainings for TIF members in TIF, economic development, and City policies.
- Prioritize TIF funds to support new projects including costly infrastructure needs.
- Recruit members citywide with affiliations, interests, and compassion for SD/FP.
- Create and implement a better marketing strategy for the funding source within the community.
- Reallocate a portion of the SD/FP Opportunity Fund for a micro

lending program with bridge financing.

Promote growth and expansion of existing businesses.

- Identify and promote small businesses and neighborhood focused businesses to establish SD/FP as a destination.
- Promote and market the services of the Economic Development office to the community.
- Utilize the Small Business Assistance program to provide funding to local existing businesses and start ups.

Potential Areas for Redevelopment

- When considering opportunities for possible future development, the Taskforce and community members identified several specific locations that have the potential to act as catalytic projects.
- 2800 and 2900 block of MLK Jr.
 - Medill Street between Al Lipscomb and MLK Jr.
 - Meadow Street between Al Lipscomb and MLK Way.
 - 3100 block of South Blvd.
 - Vacant properties on Al Lipscomb Way between Robert B Cullum and Meyers Street.



GOAL

Advance safe, compact, walkable, mixed-use development around DART stations and other transportation nodes to increase connectivity and access to housing and job opportunities for all residents.

CONTEXT

Much of South Dallas lacks adequate infrastructure including but not limited to; sidewalks, water lines, sewer lines, stormwater, roads, and access to the Internet. In some cases this is because that infrastructure was not maintained, in other cases it was because that infrastructure was never developed. Moving forward, and looking south to bridge the infrastructure gap in South Dallas, investment in all forms of infrastructure is a priority.

D INFRASTRUCTURE

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

D1 Weave neighborhoods together by connected streets, sidewalks, access to goods & services, and community gathering spaces.

D2 Increase lighting, safety and police visibility to improve area's image and aesthetic appeal.

D3 Improve street design & connectivity within the planning area. Address the digital divide by expanding broadband access throughout the area.

OVERVIEW

There is a need for investment in infrastructure throughout South Dallas. There is hardly a street in South Dallas that does not need some type of investment in sidewalks, roadways, water lines, sewer, stormwater, broadband, street lighting and more.

The Taskforce prioritized some of the investment needs that they believed would be the most beneficial for the existing community and future development. Some of those recommendations are shown on the right. A larger list of recommendations is included in the implementation table at the end of the document. Ultimately the five focus areas discussed later in this document are where major infrastructure investments should be prioritized.

EQUITABLE INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT

- o Align infrastructure investment with current and future housing needs, emphasizing the interconnectedness of these elements for sustainable and resilient development.
- o Review future investment recommendations made by the South Dallas/Fair Park Area Plan through an equitable lens to help determine which areas should be prioritized in South Dallas.
- o In order to address inequity, the recommendations in this plan should be used to prioritize South Dallas when considering future citywide infrastructure investment.

ACTION STEPS



CONTEXT

Well-being is about being whole, as individuals and communities; Our access to well-being is vital for health, hope, and resilience.

The human drive for well-being is universal, access to well-being is not. This is due to inequities based on race, gender, sexuality, ability, and other factors. These inequities are often reflected in and reinforced by how the benefits and burdens of public investments are distributed, with harms concentrated and accelerated in historically underserved communities.

E | COMMUNITY WELL-BEING

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

E1 Implement land use policies, tools, and incentives that support improved health, safety, and quality of life for residents.

E2 Promote parks, trails and connections to those parks and trails.

E3 Incentivize access to healthy food stores.

OVERVIEW

The health and well-being of the residents of South Dallas factored into a number of action steps in the implementation section of this plan. Investments in infrastructure, additional economic development and job opportunities, improvements in the housing stock and investment in new affordable and compatible housing are all rooted, in part, in acknowledgement that those recommendations all can improve the health and well-being of the residents of South Dallas. In addition, the Taskforce wanted to uplift several recommendations from community members that would improve the well-being of those in South Dallas. They are listed to the right.

ACTION STEPS

Implement incentives that support improved safety and quality of life for residents

- Select target areas for concentrated crime-remediation strategies to reduce violent crime,
- Utilize racial-equity investment. Designate a Right Care Team specific for South Dallas/Fair Park and reduce the number of individuals with untreated mental health conditions living on the streets.
- Establish a committee responsible for overseeing the implementation of the SDFP area plan
- Select representatives from the Neighborhood Coalition Group or the existing SDFP Area Plan Taskforce to uphold the objectives of the area plan and maintain accountability.
- Partner with DART to continue increasing ridership of DART Go-Link.

CONTEXT

For Review Use Only - Draft

GOAL

- Preserve existing housing stock for current homeowners and renters, ease displacement pressure on existing residences and align opportunities for creating diverse housing options.

South Dallas is home to roughly 8,595 housing units including detached residential, duplexes, townhouses, and apartments. Of those units, approximately 2,118 or roughly 25% are vacant detached residential properties.

The majority of the existing detached homes were built between 1900 and 1950, and although they were built in different styles, they share a number of common design elements including number of stories, roof type, driveway and garage prominence, and entryway design. Between 1950 and 2010, a relatively small number of homes were built, however since 2010, home building in South Dallas has been on the rise once again.

As recently as 2022, more than 700 residentially zoned lots in South Dallas neighborhoods did not have a structure on them. Members of the task force and the community have been eager to have those properties develop with housing, however, there is growing concern about new homes in South Dallas not having a design that was compatible with the original housing stock. In some cases, as one Task Force member, former Councilwoman Dianne Ragsdale put it, the new homes were “grossly incompatible” with existing homes.

KEY ISSUES

- Amend zoning to allow for additional housing options to accommodate different household sizes and income levels.
- Preserve existing single family neighborhoods.
- Work with housing department to formulate tools for anti-displacement of older neighborhoods.



F HOUSING & DESIGN

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

- F1 Ease displacement pressure on existing residents while creating diverse housing options for new and existing residents.**
- F2 Align opportunities for new housing development with the needs of diverse residents, considering incomes, age, and diverse family needs.**
- F3 Preserve existing housing stock for current homeowners and renters and improve code compliance for unsafe or unmaintained buildings.**

OVERVIEW

There is a strong sense of community throughout South Dallas neighborhoods, and there is a long history of community, resident, and business organizations advocating for quality and affordable housing in the area. Despite disinvestment over the years by both the public and private sector, community advocates, residents, and non-profits have worked tirelessly to manage, rehabilitate, and develop housing in South Dallas. However, recent new development pressure and rising property values have strained the resources and reach of these groups. In the spirit of continuing this work, the Taskforce recommended a number of actions to help existing residents maintain their housing, promote compatible new housing, and retain the identity of established neighborhoods. For these recommendations to be successful, support, investment, and coordination from both the public and private sectors are needed.

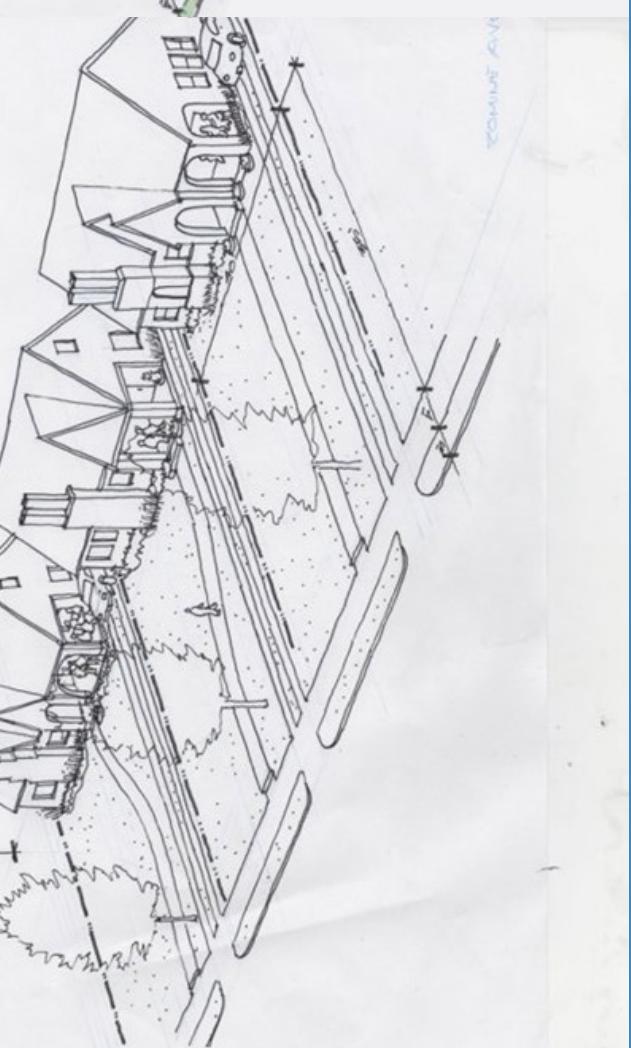
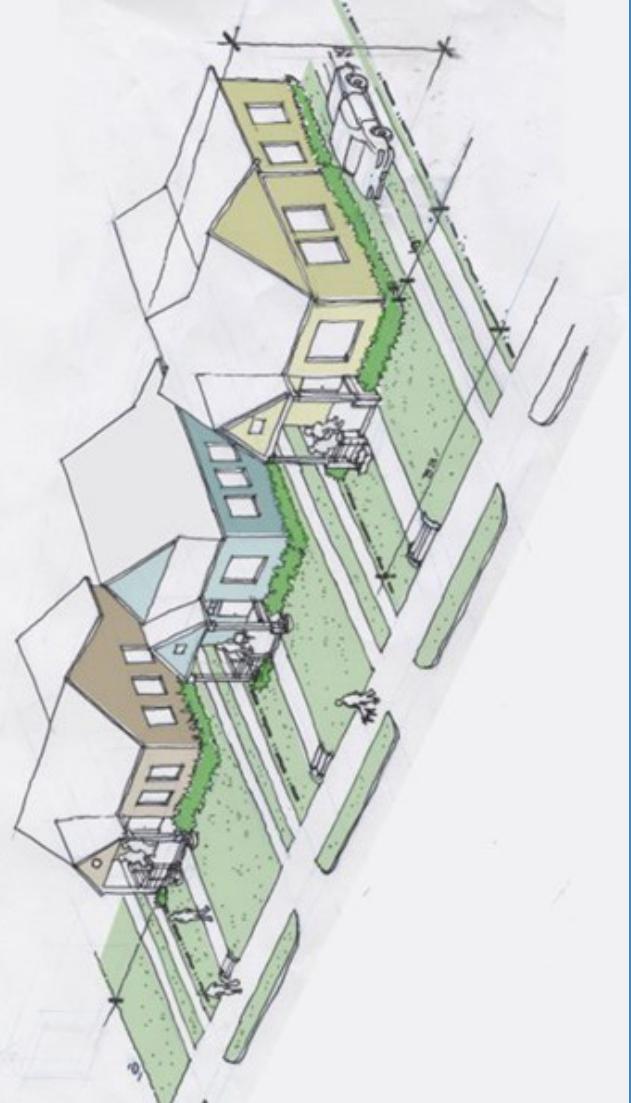
The Taskforce also recognized that in addition to the efforts to preserve existing housing, there is a need for more and different types of housing in South Dallas, especially with an eye toward strengthening existing neighborhoods and prioritizing quality design. With the concern over “grossly incompatible” home designs, the Taskforce discussed extending design guidance to not just single-family homes, but to other housing types as well, particularly duplexes, given their popularity right now in the area. Historically in South Dallas, duplexes, according to one Taskforce member were “just houses with two front doors,” but, similar to new single-family homes, some new duplexes in South Dallas have been developed largely out of scale and context with existing housing. The plan calls for duplexes to have the same standards as single-family homes.

For other housing types, in general, it was recommended that new townhomes, apartments, and mixed-use developments be located along major streets including Martin Luther King Blvd, Malcom X Blvd, Elsie Faye Heggins St, 2nd Ave, S. Fitzhugh Ave, Robert B Cullum Blvd, and JB Jackson Blvd; at intersections; and at transit nodes such as DART stations. The additional housing would help to bring in jobs, economic development, and amenities to the community.

Preserving existing housing stock for current homeowners and renters is a priority for this area. Much of the housing stock is relatively affordable compared to other parts of the city, however, that is rapidly changing. The median estimated home value increased from \$165,395 in 2022 to \$220,910 in 2025. With a tight housing market, hundreds of vacant lots, and less expensive land as compared to other parts of the city, South Dallas is on the cusp of significant change, and there is concern about displacement and dilution of its historic and cultural legacy. A number of tools have been discussed to address these concerns including both financial assistance to help with maintenance and retention as well as design overlays to help with preserving neighborhood identity.

KEY DESIGN ELEMENTS

1. Porches in the front
 2. Garage placement
 3. Pitched Roof
- Building Scale and Form**
1. Maximum Height
 2. Reduced pavement/driveway width in the front



CONTEXT

As recently as 2022, more than 700 residentially zoned lots in South Dallas neighborhoods did not have a structure on them. Members of the Taskforce and the community have been eager to have those properties develop with housing, however, there is growing concern about new homes in South Dallas not having a design that was compatible with the original housing stock. In some cases, as one Taskforce member, former Councilwoman Dianne Ragsdale put it, the new homes were, “grossly incompatible” with existing homes.

Different tools and options have been discussed and explored to ensure that new housing in South Dallas is reflective of the design and pattern of established neighborhoods including Conservation Districts, Historic Districts, and Neighborhood Stabilization Overlays. Given the complexities of these processes, immediate market pressures, and a significant amount of vacant land available in infill areas, the Taskforce and other community representatives agreed that laying the foundation in this plan for amendments to the residential design standards in PD595 would be the most efficient way to address the majority of the resident concerns.

HOUSING & DESIGN ACTION STEPS

Align opportunities for new housing with the diverse needs of residents including income levels, age, and stages of life.

- Coordinate with the Housing Department to provide planning, design, and zoning support, where needed, within the Southern Dallas Equity Strategy Area as outlined in the City's Housing Plan.
- Advance the revitalization and redevelopment of the Jeffries-Meyers neighborhood, including providing clarity on the environmental barriers that exist on certain properties.
- Provide strategic and dedicated funding from the Home Improvement and Preservation Program (HIPP) for South Dallas/Fair Park.

Enhance preservation efforts in South Dallas.

- Provide support for the historic designation process in the Queen City neighborhood.
- Coordinate with historic preservation staff to assess other neighborhoods in South Dallas to determine interest and eligibility for pursuing historic designation, a conservation district, or another similar program with focus on preserving areas of architectural and cultural significance.

Preserve existing naturally occurring affordable housing.

- Provide workshops on homestead exemptions and the appeal process for property valuations.
- Work with Legal Aid of Northwest Texas to host heirship property education workshops.
- Support external efforts for property tax reductions.
- Increase home maintenance grant assistance programs for low income homeowners to help stabilize aging properties and keep people in their homes.
- Ensure that South Dallas is included in any target areas for the deployment of anti-displacement tools as they are developed and implemented within the city.
- Develop policy requiring developers purchasing City of Dallas real estate to host community meetings to engage surrounding property owners early on in any redevelopment process.

Update PD 595 to incorporate residential design standards for single family zoning districts:

Front Porches

Porches add usable outdoor space to a home, provide shelter from the elements, and create a welcoming feel along the street. Porches should be included with new construction and should define a combination of minimum width, depth, elevation difference from grade, railing or enclosures, massing of the posts or other elements.

Garage Placement

Garages should not be the prominent feature of the home or the front yard. If there is alley access, garages should be accessed from the alley when possible. Without alley access, garages should be placed in the rear yard if detached, and if attached, set back from the front facade of the building. In addition the percentage of the linear feet of garage frontage of the front façade should be limited.

Height

To maintain a more consistent scale between new construction and existing homes, the maximum height of single family homes and duplexes should be reduced from the current height allowed and measured at the highest roof point and not the mid-point of the roof as is the current standard. The height should be no more than 30 feet, limited to a maximum of 2 and 2.5 stories.

Pitched Roof

Roof type can significantly impact the massing of a home and how it relates to neighboring buildings. New construction should include a roof with some degree of pitch in a more traditional gable or hip style where the pitch would come together.

Minimize Driveway in Front Yards

Impervious cover in the front yard not only impacts design, but stormwater management as well. The paved area in the front yard, including driveways and walkways, should be limited to more closely reflect the traditional neighborhood context.

Windows

Windows on the front façade can contribute to an inviting walk up appeal of a home and provide additional eyes on the street promoting an increase in a sense of community. New homes in South Dallas should have a minimum percentage of transparency (windows) on the front façade.

3

CHAPTER OVERVIEW

Focus areas in the South Dallas/Fair Park Area Plan serve as key areas where efforts and resources should be concentrated to address specific challenges, unlock potential, and stimulate development. These areas were chosen based on their ability to drive meaningful change, such as boosting economic activity, improving community infrastructure, and enhancing quality of life. Focus areas foster collaboration among stakeholders and guide targeted actions to ensure sustainable and impactful outcomes. The focus areas were vetted & prioritized by the Taskforce and presented to the broader community. There are other areas of need within the plan area; however these five areas were selected based on their opportunity now and their potential to have a positive impact not only to the areas themselves but to the surrounding areas as well.

FOCUS AREAS

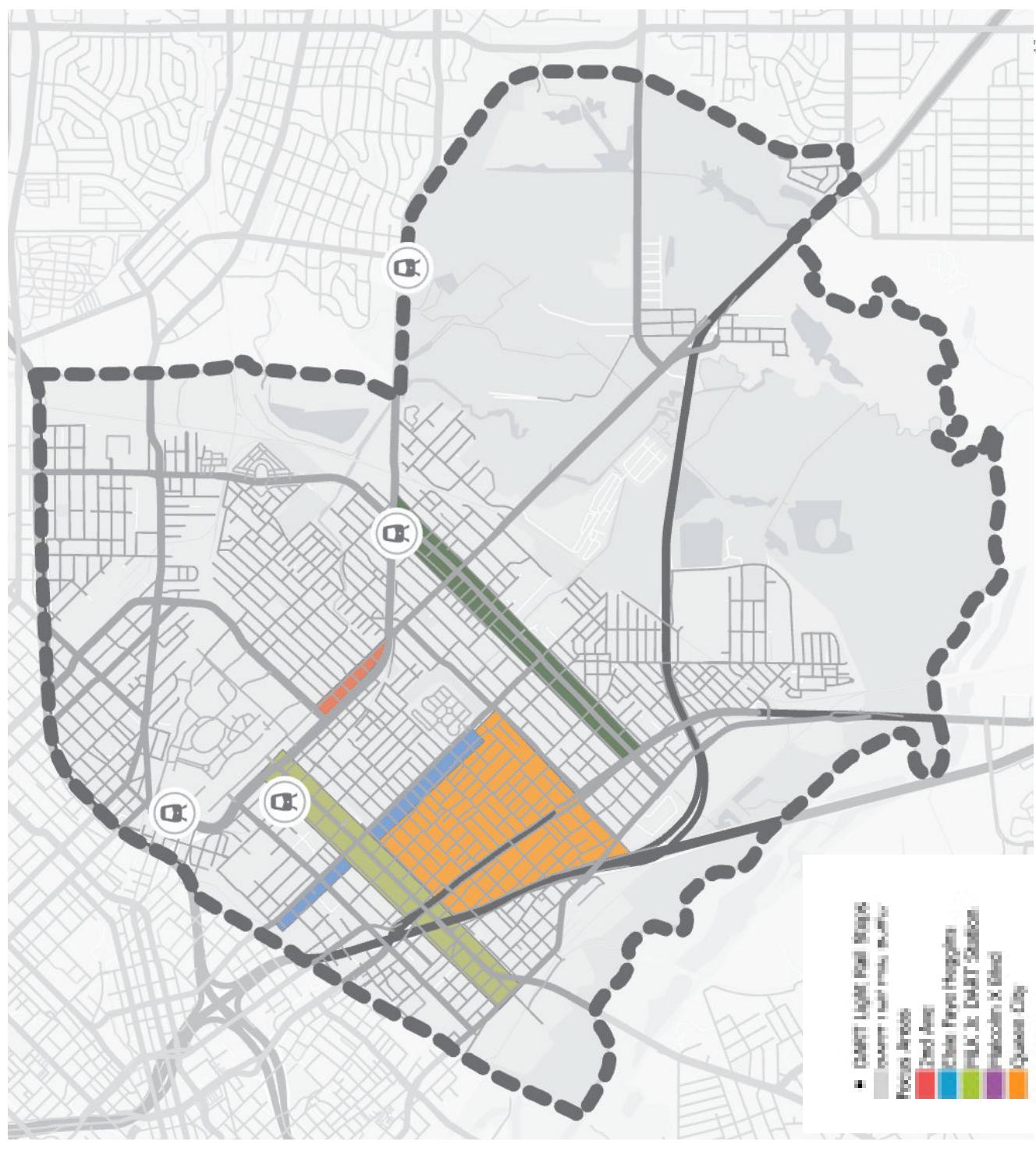
CONTENTS

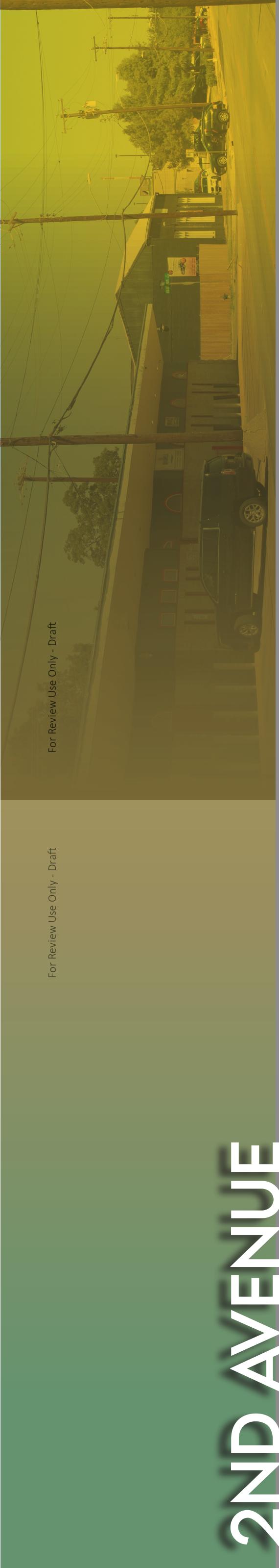
- A. 2ND AVENUE
- B. ELSIE FAYE HEGGINS STREET
- C. MALCOLM X BLVD CORRIDOR
- D. MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. DART STATION
- E. QUEEN CITY NEIGHBORHOOD

FOCUS AREA MAP

For Review Use Only - Draft

This page is intentionally left blank.





2ND AVENUE

CONTEXT

Second Avenue was once the heart of South Dallas. It was a vibrant street full of stores, shops, restaurants, and the people of South Dallas. But years of neglect, under investment, limiting development regulations, and the absorption of parts of 2nd Avenue into Fair Park has left 2nd Avenue a shell of its former self. Current land uses along the street are a scattered mix of office, retail, restaurant, and institutional, with a number of vacant properties. Through thoughtful investment and planning, Second Avenue can once again become a vibrant focal point of South Dallas.

buildings that have a Pre-World War II style where the buildings are close to the street with parking either on-street or behind the building. The existing right-of-way of 2nd Avenue, (currently four-lane undivided) should be examined to determine if another street design would match a walkable mixed use street. This vision for 2nd Avenue aligns with the citywide Neighborhood Mixed-Use Placetype which describes low-rise, walkable mixed-use areas.

RECOMMENDATIONS

To achieve the vision of the walkable mixed-use street, the following are recommended:

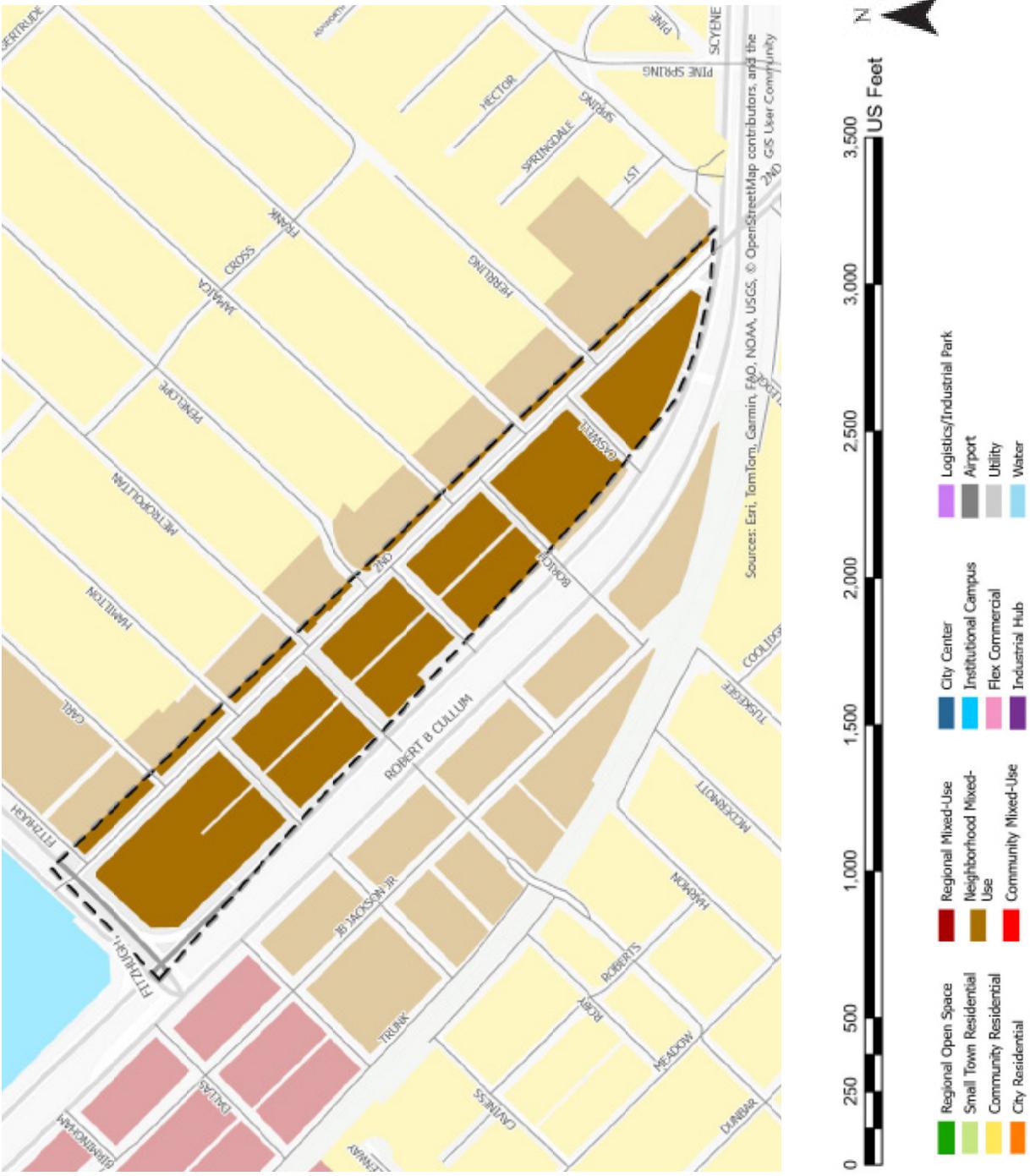
A change to the zoning along 2nd Ave and between 2nd Ave. and Robert B Cullum should be considered to spur interest and activate ongoing events and activities along the corridor.

A Mixed-Use Subdistrict within Planned Development 595 should be

considered to allow for retail, personal service uses, office, restaurant, residential, (in particular if part of a mixed-use building.) The subdistrict should also include development standards that encourage the buildings to be located close to the street, be limited to low rise in height, and remove parking minimums.

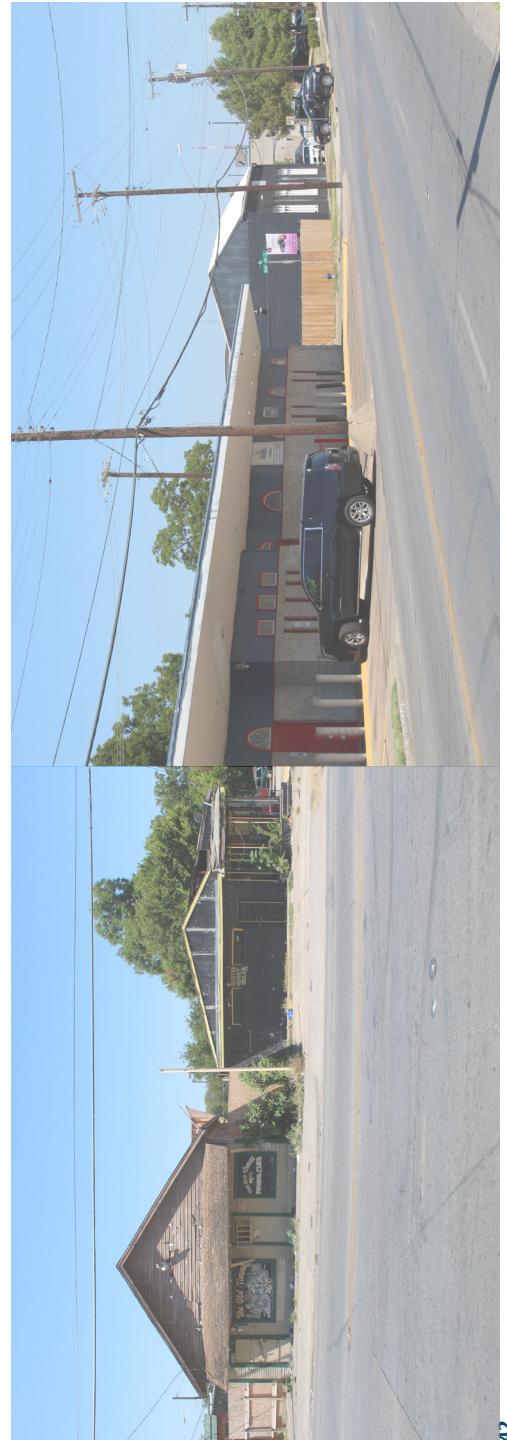
The 2nd Avenue merchant association should work with the Dallas Black Chamber of Commerce to host quarterly workshops. Consider updating the zoning for areas identified as Neighborhood Mixed-Use to allow for a walkable mix of uses.

FOCUS AREA MAP - FUTURE PLACETYPE



FUTURE VISION

The future vision for 2nd Ave is that it become a walkable street with retail, restaurants, office, residential, and mixed-use buildings, with an overall focus on entertainment. New buildings should mimic many of the existing



ELSIE FAYE HEGGINS ST.

CONTEXT

Elsie Faye Heggins is the main thoroughfare in South Dallas along the eastern side of the community. Originally called Hatcher Street, the street was renamed a decade ago in honor of the South Dallas civil rights leader and City council member Elsie Faye Heggins.

The street is a mixture of residential with commercial nodes at key intersections. Like many of the commercial areas in South Dallas, underinvestment from both the public and private side, has contributed to vacancy and property conditions at the commercial nodes.

FUTURE VISION

During engagement through the area plan process and ForwardDallas 2.0, community members and

RECOMMENDATIONS

Taskforce members spoke about a revitalized street with mixed-use nodes at major intersections and increased residential options along the corridor. In particular investment in the commercial area at the intersection of 2nd and Elsie Faye Heggins was highlighted as a potential area for vibrant mixed use development with shopping, dining, and additional residential.

The placetype identified along the corridor is a mix of Neighborhood Mixed-Use and Community Residential. Both placetypes are intended for low rise development. The Neighborhood Mixed Use placetype areas are geared towards retail, commercial, small office, and residential uses. The Community Residential placetype is primarily focused on smaller scaled residential uses.

FOCUS AREA MAP - FUTURE PLACETYPES



MALCOLM X BLVD CORRIDOR

CONTEXT

Dallas is one of the only cities in the country where Malcolm X Blvd. and Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd. intersect. The focus on this area is a natural extension of its vibrant history and culture. The corridor is lined with numerous businesses, schools, churches, and community organizations, all playing a key role in the community's daily life, economic development, and revitalization efforts. This street also passes through the historic Queen City neighborhood. South Malcolm is divided into three segments.

another historic African-American community within South Dallas. There are numerous vacant lots along the way that are ideal for new residential housing that will be compatible with the existing housing.

Romine Ave at Malcolm X Ave is the residential neighborhood of Queen City, with additional pockets of retail space opportunities. Across the street is the historic Oakland cemetery. This segment would be most appropriate for single family housing opportunities or small multifamily. Existing small Opportunity Park is across the street.

Segment three is the intersection of S. Malcolm X and Pine Street to Elsie Faye Heggins Street. Currently there are small local businesses being a mix of personal services. Numerous places of worship exist along the corridor throughout all segments.

Segment one is the intersection of Dr. MLK JR Blvd. and S. Malcolm X to the intersection of S. Malcolm X to Warren Ave. In this segment there are vacant retail storefronts with sidewalks ripe for small business development all the way to Birmingham Ave. There are bus shelters along the way with sidewalks. Commercial properties end at Warren Ave.

Segment two is the intersection of S. Malcolm X to Warren Ave to Pine Street. At the intersection of Twyman street the properties transition back to residential. Malcolm X abuts to Wheatey Place,

RECOMMENDATIONS

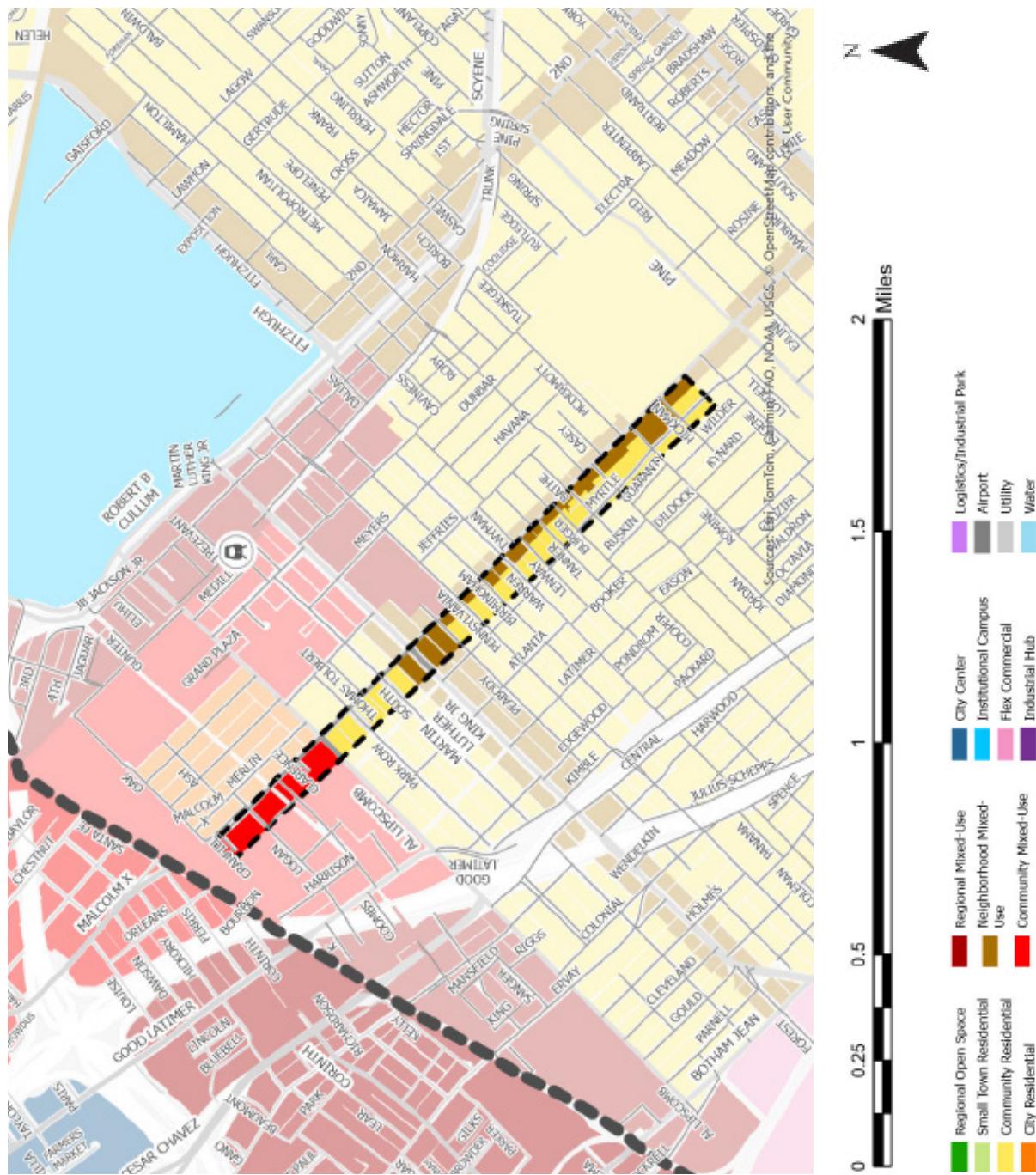
A recommended zoning change to Mixed-Use Subdistrict within Planned Development 595 to allow for retail, personal service uses, office, restaurant, and residential in particular if part of a mixed use building. That subdistrict should also include development standards that encourage the buildings to be located close to the street, be limited to low-rise in height, and have no parking minimums.

The plan recommends changing segment one and three to mixed-use subdistricts to allow for retail, personal service uses, office, restaurant, and residential in particular in mixed use buildings. That subdistrict should also include development standards that encourage the buildings to be close to the street, be limited to low-rise in height, and integrated into the design of the community. The second segment should remain a residential zoning district with any new, non-single family housing on the corridor appropriately incorporated into the existing residential neighborhoods in both form and massing.

FUTURE VISION

During engagement of ForwardDallas 2.0, residents selected Neighborhood Mixed-Use placetype along South Malcolm X Blvd. This placetype incorporates a mix of commercial, retail, office, and residential building types. Low-rise buildings, ideally two stories are appropriate along this corridor.

FOCUS AREA MAP - FUTURE PLACETYPES



MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. DART STATION

CONTEXT

In 2013, the City in partnership with the community produced the MLK Dart Station Area plan. That plan suggested that the area around the DART station be developed as a mixed-use area with retail, restaurants, employment centers, and housing. The plan details the many reasons why the area is a good location for redevelopment. Including its access to the rail line, proximity to Fair Park, and large parcel sizes. The plan suggests the scale of that development include mainly low-rise buildings with potential mid-rise at certain locations.

FUTURE VISION

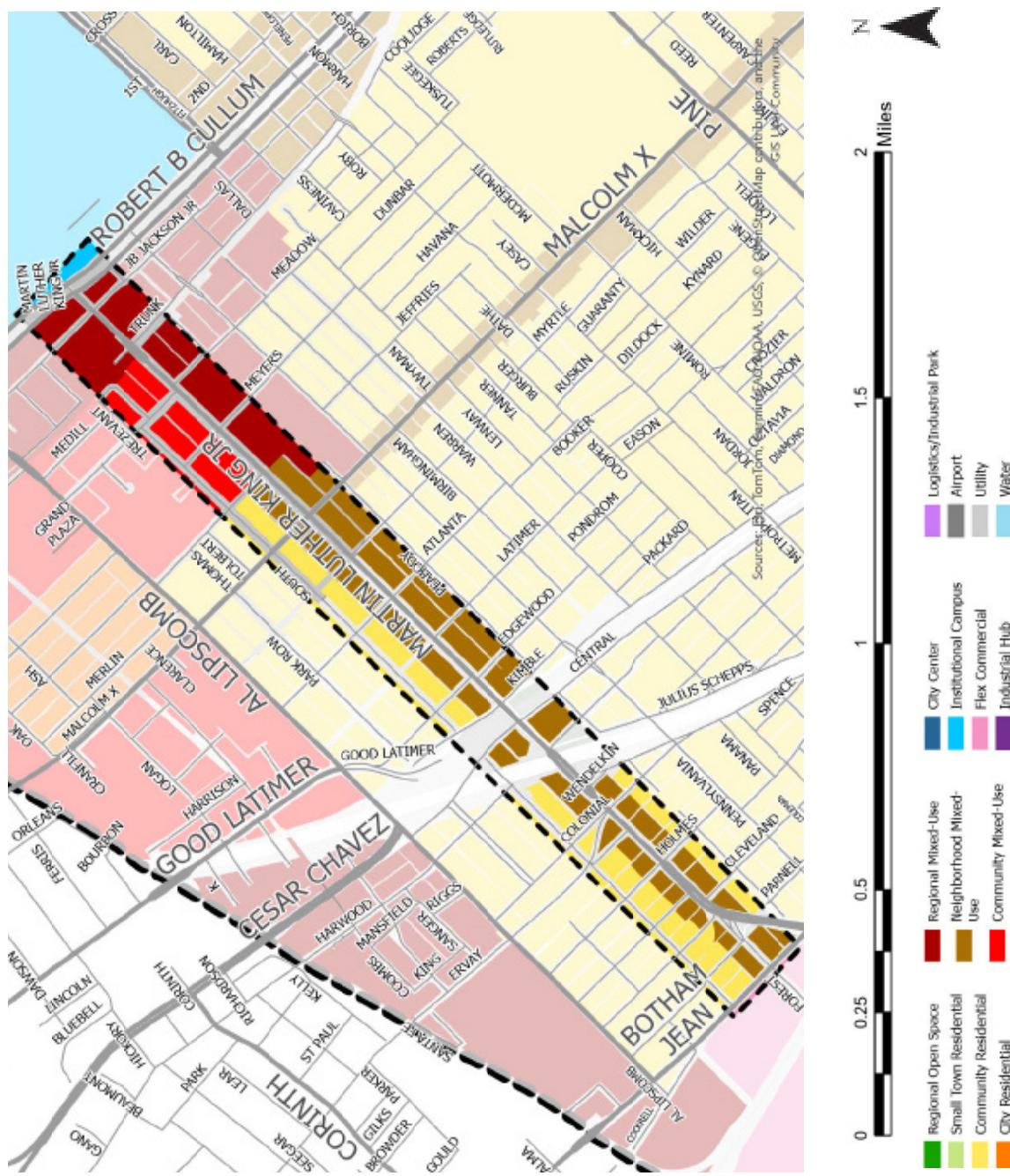
Much like the 2013 plan, the future vision for the area is a mixed-use area with retail, restaurants, office, employment, and housing. The updated vision includes allowing more housing and allowing more mid-to-high-rise development in certain areas. The high-rise development should occur closer to the MLK station and along Robert B Cullum and JB Jackson. Mid-rise or low-rise development should taper away from the station and from Robert B Cullum and JB Jackson. The new buildings should have active uses on the ground floors and be integrated into the public realm. Public ROW and public land, both from DART and City of Dallas should be examined to understand how it can be best used to achieve the future vision of the area.

Since that plan was created there has been a considerable amount of development of mid-and-high-rise residential and mixed-use buildings in Deep Ellum and even some proposed across I-30 on Exposition closer to South Dallas. In addition, many property owners around the MLK Station and along Robert B Cullum and JB Jackson have worked to put together an updated vision for the area through the Pointe South Revitalization Group.

RECOMMENDATIONS

To achieve the vision of the walkable mixed-use area with mid- and high-rise development, the zoning should be reviewed around the MLK Station and along Robert B. Cullum and JB Jackson. A Mixed-Use Subdistrict within Planned Development 595 should be considered that allows for retail, personal service uses, office, restaurant, and residential. Development standards that encourage the buildings to be located close to the street, provide active uses on the ground floor, allow mid-to-high-rise depending on the placytype, and have no parking minimums should be considered. In addition to changes in the zoning, the City of Dallas should prioritize investments in infrastructure around the DART MLK station according to the guidance in this plan and in collaboration with existing property owners according to the specific locations found in the Infrastructure implementation table.

FOCUS AREA MAP - FUTURE PLACETYPES





QUEEN CITY

CONTEXT

Queen City neighborhood is a nationally recognized African-American community whose buildings date from 1915 to 1945. Portions of the neighborhood were placed on the national register in 1995. Architecturally it is recognized for its late 19th and early 20th century American Movements: Bungalow/ Craftsman-style homes.

The neighborhood is two miles southeast of downtown, and once served as the physical nucleus of South Dallas' African-American suburban development. It is located only a few blocks south of what was known as the "color line", which until World War II delineated African-American residential development from white neighborhoods to the north and west.

The nationally recognized historic boundaries of Queen City include the approximately eight blocks south of Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard (MLK). The district includes the equivalent of four blocks along Atlanta Street, extending from Cooper Street on the northwest, to Eugene Street on the southeast and the 3700 block of Dildock street parallel to and immediately east of Atlanta Street.

Queen City became a focal point for African American business owners, artists, musicians, and professionals. During this area planning process, Ms. Eva Jones, Queen City Neighborhood Association President and Taskforce member, began working with her community along with the Office of Historic Preservation to request that Queen City be recognized locally as a historic district to preserve and protect the historical structures within Queen City. As of June 3, 2024, the Landmark Commission authorized a hearing to consider initiation of the historic designation process to establish a historic overlay district.

FUTURE VISION

With local landmark designation, Queen City will be recognized both locally and nationally as an essential asset to the history and culture of African-American life in Dallas, Texas. New construction homes within the historic district will blend seamlessly with the existing homes.

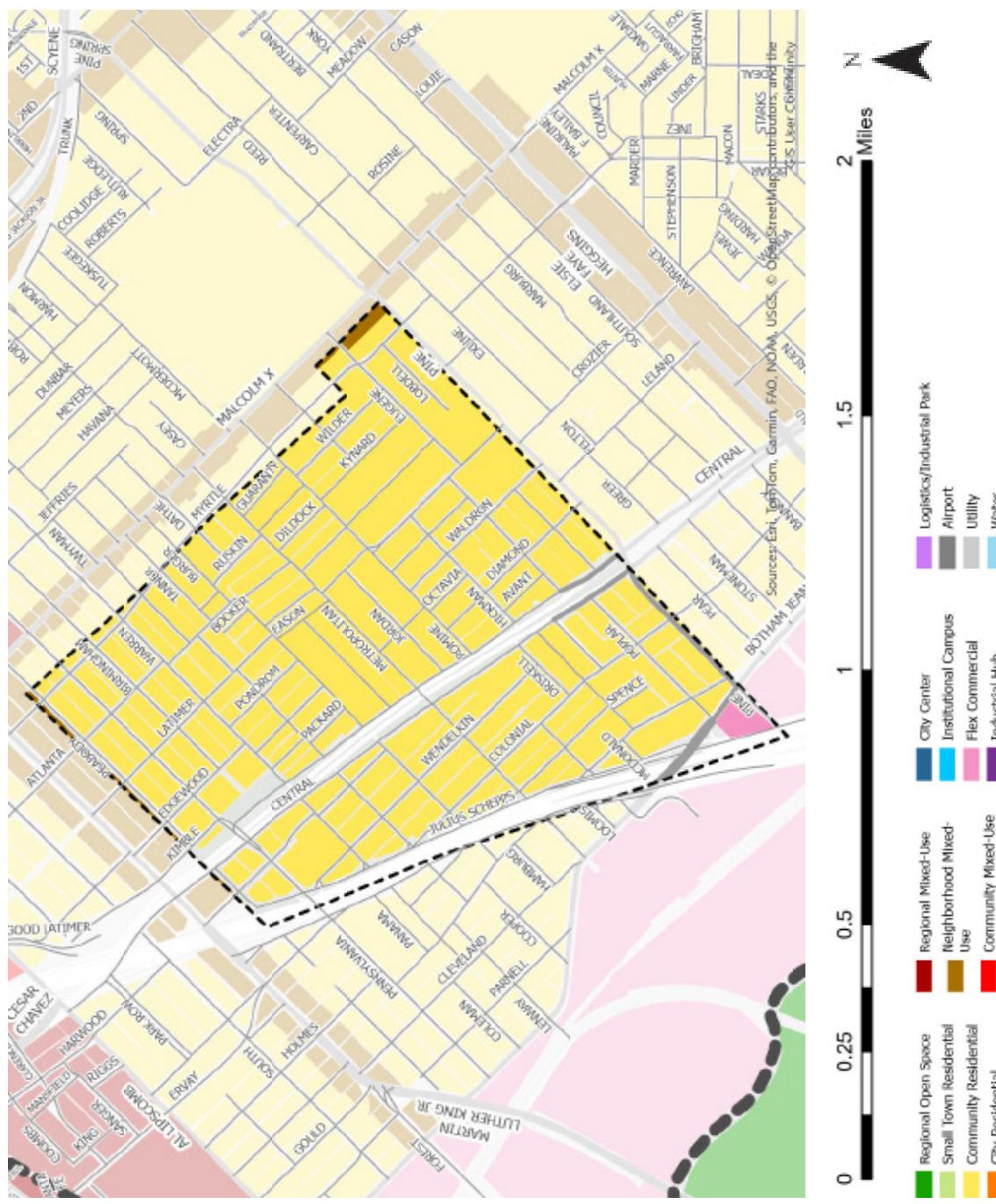
The future Placetype for the area is Community Residential, which, encompasses the largest percentage of land within Queen City and is primarily made up of single-family homes. Parks such as Exline

Recreational facility, schools, and places of worship such as Salem International Baptist Church are interspersed throughout providing focal points for community activity. Spaces such as the Hayden Grocery Store should be identified for a historical marker in the community. Through historic preservation efforts Queen City can stabilize and preserve the remaining historic character and charm of the Tudors, Bugalows, and other architectural styles from Warren Ave. to Eugene Street.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Queen City should continue the process of a historical overlay district through the Historic Preservation Office. The community will identify the new boundaries of the historic district and select the most favorable architectural styles to preserve. The remaining homes outside of the historical overlay district will follow any future updates to the residential design standards in PD595, including: consistent roof styles, building heights, access and placement of garages, and front porches. It is also recommended that Queen City Neighborhood Association start the process of identifying historical places and spaces for historical markers.

FOCUS AREA MAP - FUTURE PLACETYPES





CONTENTS

- LAND USE + ZONING
- HISTORY + CULTURE
- ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
- INFRASTRUCTURE
- COMMUNITY WELL-BEING
- HOUSING + DESIGN

LAND USE + ZONING

Theme Goal: Amend land use zoning and regulations, repurpose vacant and underutilized land use that contribute positively to the surrounding areas.

Land Use and Zoning Recommendations for Planned Development 595

Objective	Action Step	Lead	Key Partners
Protect the historic and cultural fabric of neighborhoods in South Dallas by preventing "grossly incompatible" new residential development.	Initiate the community process to review and consider amendments to PD595 to create design standards for single family detached and duplex housing. Continue to support the Queen City neighborhood in the Historic District Designation process.	PDD	CPC & City Council Queen City Neighborhood Association
Prioritize the redevelopment of commercial corridors and nodes into mixed-use areas.	Review the zoning in PD595 for areas designated as a Regional Mixed-Use Placetype to allow for a mix of uses in Mid-to High-Rise buildings. Review the zoning in PD595 for areas designated as a Community Mixed Use Placetype to allow for a mix of uses in Low-to Mid-Rise buildings. Review the zoning in PD595 for areas designated as a Neighborhood Mixed Use Placetype to allow for a mix of uses in Low-Rise buildings.	PDD	CPC & City Council
Redevelop specific areas with a mix of uses that contribute to the surrounding areas	Review development possibilities and address potential development hurdles on the 2800 and 2900 block of MLK Jr. Review development possibilities and address potential development hurdles on Medill Street between Al Lipscomb Way and Relevant.	PDD	Housing Eco Dev
Prioritize infill development and redevelopment on properties without an active land use.	Review development possibilities and address potential development hurdles on Meadow Street between Al Lipscomb and MLK Jr. Review development possibilities and address potential development hurdles along the 3100 block of South Blvd.	PDD	Housing and Eco Dev
Create additional housing and ownership options for South Dallas residents.	Review development possibilities and address potential development hurdles on vacant properties on Al Lipscomb Way between Robert B. Cullum and Meyers Street, along the 3100 block of South Blvd.	PDD	Housing and Eco Dev
Prioritize to work with Housing department and Community Development Department to strategically target redevelopment areas.		PDD	Housing
Amend the PD to allow for properties in the Duplex zoning district to be subdivided so that each household can own both their half of the structure and land. If private zoning changes are applied for from single detached to single attached, those changes should consider the same design standards for single family detached.		PDD	CPC & City Council CPC, City Council and the South Dallas Neighborhood Coalition
Amend the PD to allow ADUs with development standards from the ADU overlay district.		PDD	CPC & City Council

Land Use and Zoning Implementation Table

Objective	Action Step	Lead	Key Partners
Review and update the allowable uses in PD595 to be consistent with today's resident, business, and market needs.	Amend the PD to allow Catering Services land use by right in mixed-use subdistrict.	PDD	Housing & ECO DEV
Amend the PD to be consistent with today's resident, business, and market needs.	Amend the PD to allow Restaurant with all food to go land use by right in mixed-use subdistrict.	PDD	CPC & City Council
Amend the PD to allow Massage land use as an accessory land use to other Personal Service land uses.	Amend the PD to allow Vape Shops as a Tobacco Store not allowed by right.	PDD	CPC & City Council
Review parking mandate in the PD, and if not addressed through citywide policies, reduce or in some cases remove the parking mandate from the PD.	Review parking mandate in the PD, and if not addressed through In PD 595, for a live work unit, the floor area for a dwelling unit can exceed the total square feet of main use.	PDD	CPC & City Council
The authorized hearing should review the existing land uses for duplex and right-zone them.	In PD 595, for a live work unit, the floor area for a dwelling unit can exceed the total square feet of main use.	PDD	Authorizing Hearing Staff
The authorized hearing should review minimum lot widths and a width-to-height ratio in the R-5(A) District.	The authorized hearing should review the existing land uses for duplex and right-zone them.	PDD	Authorizing Hearing Staff
Monitor the status of Plan implementation on a yearly basis.	The authorized hearing process should review minimum lot widths and a width-to-height ratio in the R-5(A) District.	PDD	Authorizing Hearing Staff
Continue to monitor and review development proposals with ForwardDallas 2.0 to ensure community feedback is expressed in the final future placetype map.	Continue to monitor and review development proposals with ForwardDallas 2.0 to ensure community feedback is expressed in the final future placetype map.	PDD	CPC & City Council

LAND USE + ZONING

Theme Goal: Amend land use zoning and regulations, repurpose vacant and underutilized land use that contribute positively to the surrounding areas.

HOUSING + DESIGN

Theme Goal: Preserve existing housing stock for current homeowners and renters, ease displacement pressure on existing residents, and align opportunities for creating diverse housing options for new residents.

Housing + Neighborhood Implementation Table

Objective	Action Step	Lead	Key Partners
Align opportunities for new housing development with the needs of diverse residents, considering incomes, age and diverse family needs.	Keep South Dallas/Fair Park area as an equity-strategy target area Complete the revitalization of the Jefferies-Myers neighborhood including providing clarity on environmental issues. Target funding from the Home Improvement & Preservation (HIPIP), Targeted Rehab Program, & Minor Home Rehabilitation Program for South Dallas Fair Park. Designate home-repair dollars for Queen City specifically to preserve existing homes and maintain affordability.	Housing Housing Housing	PDD PDD PDD
Prioritize anti-displacement efforts in South Dallas.	Implement preservation initiatives to support redevelopment of South Dallas. Work with Legal Aid of Northwest Texas to host heirship property education workshops annually. Support external efforts for property tax reductions.	PDD Legal Aid of Northwest Texas PDD	HRNA South Dallas Neighborhood Coalition Housing External Agencies
	Prioritize neighborhood stabilization efforts in neighborhoods identified as most susceptible to displacement. Provide educational workshops on homestead exemptions and the appeal process for property rates.	PDD Legal Aid of Northwest Texas	
	Explore opportunities through the City's Community Land Trust program to promote and preserve affordable homeownership. Implement additional anti-displacement policies created by Builders of Hope for the Housing Department.	Housing Housing	PDD PDD
	Develop policy requiring developers purchasing City of Dallas real estate to host engagement meetings and submit authentic sign sheets. Incorporate future comprehensive urban design guidelines within the city's Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA) procurement selection, and review process for multifamily projects.	PDD	Council & CPC

INFRASTRUCTURE

Theme Goal: Weave neighborhoods together by connected streets, sidewalks, access to goods, and services and community gathering spaces. Strategically deploy and monitor City investment: Bond Program, CDBG, Parks, Transportation and Public Works...

Infrastructure Implementation Table

Objective	Action Step	Lead	Key Partners
Prioritize equitable infrastructure investment.	Support City policies that prioritize equitable infrastructure investment.	PDD	Public Works
Review future investments South Dallas based on recommendations in this plan to help determine which areas should be prioritized.	Review future investments South Dallas based on recommendations in this plan to help determine which areas should be prioritized.	PDD	District 7 Bond Committee
Monitor Racial Equity Plan as it relates to infrastructure gaps where intentional historical disinvestment previously occurred. Address areas that are severely lacking in sidewalk, road, broadband, water, and park infrastructure. Fast-track bonds projects in disinvested areas.	Monitor Racial Equity Plan as it relates to infrastructure gaps where intentional historical disinvestment previously occurred. Address areas that are severely lacking in sidewalk, road, broadband, water, and park infrastructure. Fast-track bonds projects in disinvested areas.	PDD	Office of Equity
Prioritize Recommended Infrastructure improvements to address current needs.	Elsie Faye Heggins-Second: Completely rebuild the signalized intersection to upgrade the physical infrastructure. Elsie Faye Heggins-Sceyne: Completely rebuild the signalized intersection to upgrade the physical infrastructure. Malcolm X-Elm to Warren: Design and construct context sensitive street design improvements wider sidewalks, pedestrian lighting, street trees, crosswalks in different paving associated with Fair Park. Include 150 block and 2500 block.	TRN TRN	Public Works, District 7 Bond Committee & City Council Public Works, District 7 Bond Committee & City Council
	AI Lipscomb-Malcolm X: Completely rebuild the signalized intersection to upgrade the physical infrastructure. Malcolm X-MLK Jr Blvd: Completely rebuild the signalized intersection to upgrade the physical infrastructure.	TRN	Public Works, District 7 Bond Committee & City Council
	1200 S Trunk Ave. (from AI Lipscomb Way to Park Row Ave): Resurface the local street.	TRN	Public Works, District 7 Bond Committee & City Council
	2500-2600 Myers Street (from Ash Lane to AI Lipscomb Way): Resurface the local street.	TRN	Public Works, District 7 Bond Committee & City Council
	Create an Equitable and Connected Network of Complete Communities with Access to Diverse Housing, Service and Employment opportunities.	PDD	

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Fair Dallas/Fair Park Area Plan-DRAFT May 2025 |

Theme Goal: Pursue catalytic opportunities for commercial and residential development and promote small businesses and neighborhood-focused businesses to establish SD/FP as a destination.

Economic Development Implementation Table

Objective	Action Step	Lead	Key Partners
Revist area TIF programs	Revamp TIF Board. Recruit members who have a vested interest in the TIF and South Dallas.	PDD	Council & CPC
	Provide onboarding and trainings for TIF members in economic development, and city policies.	ECO DEV	Council
	Better utilize TIF funds to support new project including costly infrastructure needs.	ECO DEV	TIF ADMIN
Revist SD/FP Opportunity Fund Board	Recruit members citywide with affiliations, interests and compassion for SD/FP.	OED	Entrepreneur Center
	Create and implement a better marketing strategy for the funding source within the community.	OED	State Fair of Texas; Point South Revitalization Committee, DISD
	Reallocate a portion of SD/FP Opportunity Funds for micro-lending and bridge financing.	OED	
Promote growth and expansion of existing businesses	Identify and promote small businesses and neighborhood-focused businesses to establish SD/FP as a destination.	PUD	Small Business Center & ECO DEV
	Work with Black Chamber of Commerce to host quarterly workshops with the 2nd Avenue Merchants Association.	Small Business Center	Entrepreneur Center Manager
Support small business	Promote and market the services of the small business center to the community. Utilize Small Business Center to provide funding to local existing businesses and start-ups.	OED	OED
HISTORY + CULTURE			
Objective	Action Step	Lead	Key Partners
		SD/FP Community	Historic Preservation
Empower residents to uplift and preserve historic character of the community and places of significant value.	Assist Queen City Neighborhood with Historic District Process.	Protect SD/FP history and culture by Neighborhood Coalition and SD/FP Taskforce selecting a history and culture committee to pursue historical markers for Ms. Pearl C Anderson home and Hayden Grocery Store.	
	Celebrate history by archiving historical information and creating a living document via online publication.		
	Assist existing neighborhood associations and the creation of new ones in South Dallas.		
Recommend cultural corridors to support local small businesses and entrepreneurs.	Work with existing cultural organizations such as South Dallas Cultural Center Dallas Public Libraries	SD/FP Community	Historic Preservation
	Collect historical artifacts photos, videos, and memorabilia) of South Dallas families to tell the story of various South Dallas communities.		
	Work with local sororities and fraternities chapters that serve South Dallas and identify historical and cultural events of significance.		
Document and collect history and cultural experiences from Fair Park in reference to African Americans, State Fair Classic Prairie View A&M University & Grambling State University)	SD/FP Community	SD/FP Community	Economic Dev.

COMMUNITY WELL-BEING

Fair Dallas/Fair Park Area Plan-DRAFT May 2025 |

Community Well-being Implementation Table

Objective	Action Step	Lead	Key Partners
Implement incentives that support improved safety, and quality of life for residents.	Select target areas for concentrated crime remediation strategies to reduce violent crime.	Office of Integrated Public Safety Solution	DPD Code Community Prosecution
	Utilize racial equity investment, and designate a Right Care Team Specific for South Dallas/Fair Park. Reduce untreated mental health on the streets.	OIPS\$	DPD, Behavioral Health
Establish committee responsible for overseeing the implementation of the SD/FP Area Plan.	Select representatives from the Neighborhood Coalition Group or existing SD/FP Area Plan Taskforce to uphold the objectives of the area plan and hold the city staff accountable.	PUD	Neighborhood Coalition Group
	Partner with DART to continue increase ridership of DART Go-Link	DART	NCCOG
HISTORY & CULTURE			
Objective	Action Step	Lead	Key Partners
		SD/FP Community	Historic Preservation
Empower residents to uplift and preserve historic character of the community and places of significant value.	Assist Queen City Neighborhood with Historic District Process.	Protect SD/FP history and culture by Neighborhood Coalition and SD/FP Taskforce selecting a history and culture committee to pursue historical markers for Ms. Pearl C Anderson home and Hayden Grocery Store.	
	Celebrate history by archiving historical information and creating a living document via online publication.		
	Assist existing neighborhood associations and the creation of new ones in South Dallas.		
Recommend cultural corridors to support local small businesses and entrepreneurs.	Work with existing cultural organizations such as South Dallas Cultural Center Dallas Public Libraries	SD/FP Community	Historic Preservation
	Collect historical artifacts photos, videos, and memorabilia) of South Dallas families to tell the story of various South Dallas communities.		
	Work with local sororities and fraternities chapters that serve South Dallas and identify historical and cultural events of significance.		
Document and collect history and cultural experiences from Fair Park in reference to African Americans, State Fair Classic Prairie View A&M University & Grambling State University)	SD/FP Community	SD/FP Community	Economic Dev.

SDFP AREA PLAN

CITY OF DALLAS
PLANNING + DEVELOPMENT
MARCH 2025