

### COMPREHENSIVE URBAN AGRICULTURE PLAN (CUAP)

### **Urban Agriculture Plan Recommendations**

## Environment and Sustainability Subcommittee September 6, 2022

Prepared for: Environmental Commission | City of Dallas, OEQS

By Agritecture

## AGENDA



- 1. Project Team
- 2. Project Objectives
- 3. Where are we?
- 4. Review of Recommendations
- 5. Timeline



# **PROJECT TEAM**





КΚΥ





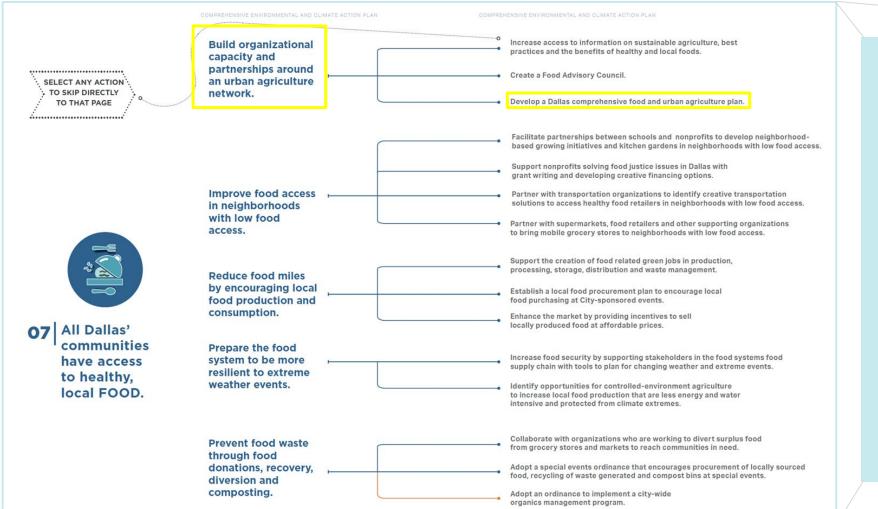






# PROJECT OBJECTIVES





### CECAP SECTOR TARGETS

1. HEALTHY AFFORDABLE ACCESS

50% by 2030/100% by 2050

#### 2. INCREASE URBAN GARDEN ACREAGE

20% by 2030/75% by 2050

#### 3. INCREASE LOCAL COMMERCIAL FOOD SOURCING

10% by 2030/50% by 2050



# **DEFINE URBAN AGRICULTURE**

"Urban agriculture generally refers to the cultivation, processing and distribution of agricultural products in urban and suburban settings, including things like:



- Vertical production
- Warehouse farms
- Community gardens
- Rooftop farms
- Hydroponic
- Aeroponic
- Aquaponic facilities
- Other innovations.



Urban farmers and gardeners work among diverse populations to expand access to nutritious foods, foster community engagement, provide jobs, educate communities about farming, and expand green spaces."

USDA. Farmers.gov

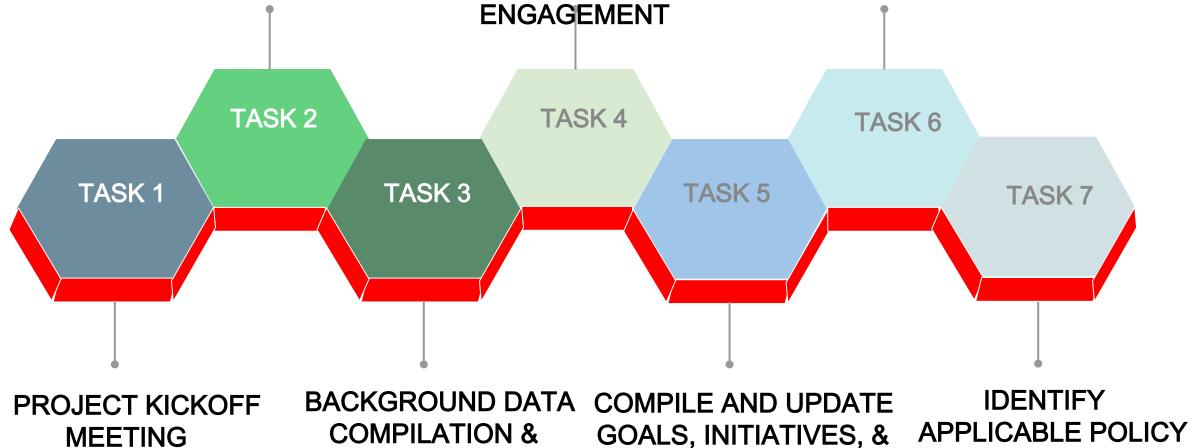




# WHERE ARE WE?



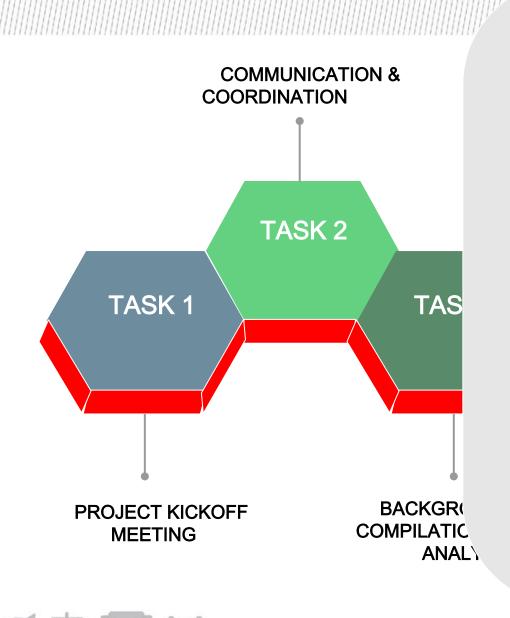
## COMMUNICATION & COORDINATE COMMUNITYCOMPREHENSIVE URBAN COORDINATION OUTREACH & AGRICULTURE PLAN



COMPILATION & GOALS, INITIATIVES MAPPING ANALYSIS CRITICAL STEPS

& CODE AMENDMENTS





- ~55 STAKEHOLDER INTERVIEWS COMPLETED
- TWO PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT SURVEYS
  - URBAN AG PUBLIC SURVEY ~700+ SURVEY RESPONSES
  - GARDEN VERIFICATIORECENTLY LAUNCHED
- BACKGROUND RESEARCH COMPLETED
  - Review of Local Food, Local Places
  - 4 OTHER UA PLANS REVIEWED
- GISWEB APP BUILT
  - OPPORTUNITY ZONES ANALYSIS IN PROGRESS
- 5 RECOMMENDATION WORKSHOPS COMPLETED
- FIRST ROUND ON SITE VISITS COMPLETED
  - 2ND VISITSEP/OCT '22



# URBAN AG PUBLIC SURVEY Vear, have you gardened or farmed in Dallas?

- Intended to gauge public demand in the City of Dallas for local foods, as well as interest in Urban Farming and awareness of its benefits
- Data collected will support the recommendations made in CUAP
- Provided in both English and Spanish.
- This survey has 11 questions:
  - 8 Mandatory Questions
  - 1 question for zipcode
  - 3 questions on Local Food demand
  - 4 questions on interest in Urban Agriculture

There are three additional optional demographic questions on age, language, and email for Dallas Urban Ag Newsletter.

) Yes			
) No			

Are you interested in volunteering, learning, or working in gardening or farming?

○ Yes

() No



O Provide money or resources to start a garden/farm

Reduce cost of fresh produce to public

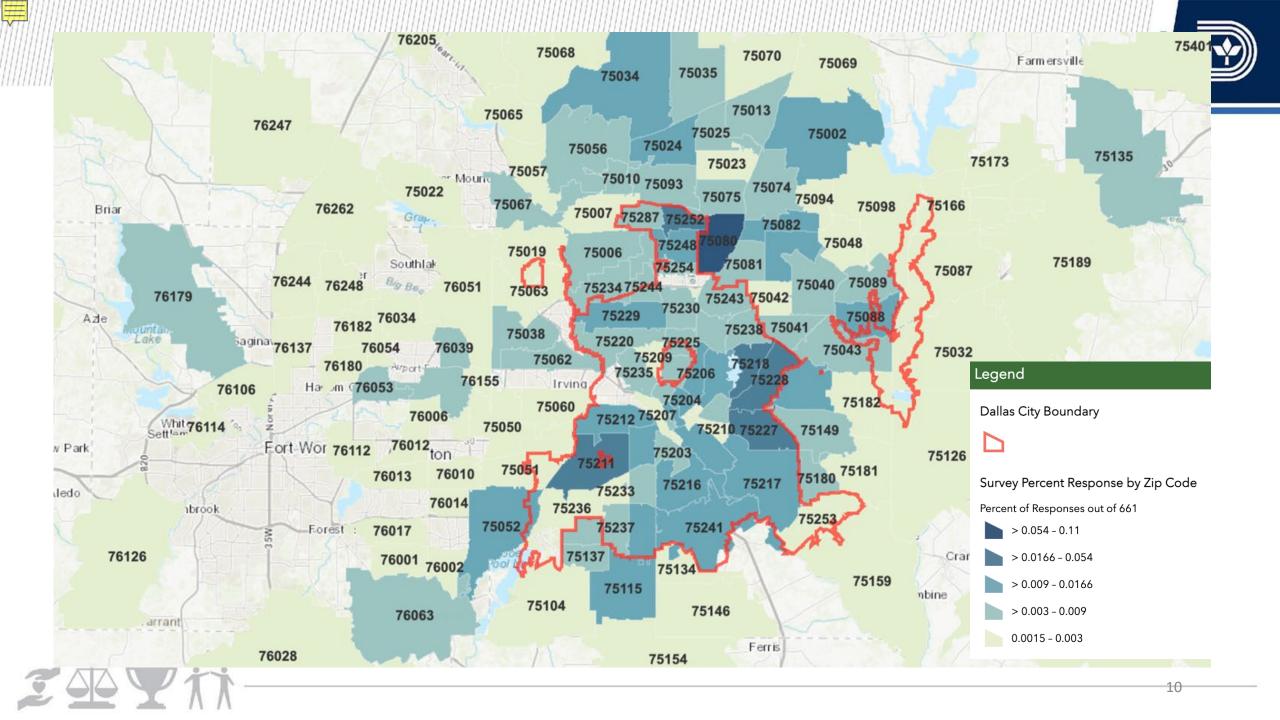
Make land/space available

Provide education/training

○ Other











# **CUAP Recommendations & Framework**

RECOMMENDATION	1	2	3	4	5
DESCRIPTION RELATED CECAP GOAI	Re	commendations			
SOLUTION	1.	<b>U</b>	tory barriers to urb ccess for growers	•	on.
Description/ Rationale Timeline	Z.	activities.			
Who Leads/ Who Supports	3.	. Provide educat farmers	ion, resources, ar	nd support to urba	an
Initial Actions	4.	Build market or	oportunities for url	ban arowers.	
Model(s) from other cities		. Facilitate collab	poration among ur	U	
Success metrics/ indicators		stakeholders.			



#### City of Dallas - Urban Ag Plan - Recommendation 1 - Reduce Regulatory Barriers To Urban

Prepared for City of Dallas - Food Advisory Council Prepared by Agritecture Created on July 2022



WHICH RECOMMENDATION?	Reduce regulatory barriers to urban food production.         Urban farmers currently operate in legal-limbo or petition for exemptions through City Managers and/or City Council. This tedious and confusing process discourages potential new growers from establishing new commercial and community-based UA projects. Moreover, City officials themselves have stated that they do not make permitting and zoning processes easy for citizens. There is a need for clear and inclusive ordinances that provide farmers and City employees clear guidance on how to efficiently establish new UA sites.			
DESCRIPTION				
RELATED CECAP GOALS	<ul> <li>Goal 7 Targets: Increase Urban Agriculture Acreage: 20% by 2030 / 75% by 2050</li> <li>Additional CECAP Goals Impacted: <ul> <li>Goal 7 FA8 - Support The Creation Of Food Related Green Jobs In Production, Processing, Storage, Distribution And Waste Management.</li> <li>Goal 6 EG8 - Improve The Quality Of Urban Ecosystems In Dallas Through The Sustainable Appropriate Design, Creation And Planting Of Urban Habitats.</li> <li>Goal 6 EG9 - Support Public And Private Partnerships Using Naturebased Solutions To Address Public Health Challenges.</li> <li>Goal 1 B13 - Establish Urban Greening Factor Requirements For New Developments That Quantify How Projects Contribute To Urban Greening For Reduced Stormwater Runoff And Urban Heat Island Improvements.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			



## RECOMMENDATION REDUCE REGULATORY BARRIERS TO URBAN FOOD PRODUC



#### SOLUTIONS

Update Urban Ag Code Ordinance Agriculture land use description in compliance with the City of Dallas Planning & Urban Design

Catalyst for us to move towards updates to the ordinances/ CO easements.

### DESCRIPTION

There are likely goals in existing comprehensive plan (PUD) that could be cited as support for UA. Change CO/Permitting Proces\$PLAT map, water meter) (may or may not fall under solution 1)

2

Easing CO and development review process on owned properties for new structures, new growing and unowned for full permitting Create incentives for developerso include Urban Agriculture within new developments.

3

Developers have a significant influence on land use, stand to benefit from Urban Agriculture (amenity benefits, heat island reduction, stormwater infiltration, etc) and have the capital resources to support urban agriculture.

Well-designed city development incentives can encourage more urban agriculture in COD at no cost to the City.

#### TIMELINE

12 - 18 Months

12 - 18 Months

6-12 Months

## RECOMMENDATION REDUCE REGULATORY BARRIERS TO URBAN FOOD PRODU





## 2

## 3

#### SOLUTIONS

- Update Urban Ag Code Ordinancend Agriculture land use description
- 1. Grant program to cover fees for COs/Permits
- 1. Temporary process internally for AG or non-profit exemption (waiving fees) from CO/permitting process

#### INITIAL ACTIONS

WHO LEADS/

WHO

- 1. Formalize policy/process change
  - 1. Allow commercial sales of produce from residential property
  - Coordinate with PUD/Housing to explore future opportunities through HUD grants that could potentially support expansion of UA
  - OEQS| Planning & Urban Design (PUD) | Cit Attorney's Office

Change CO/Permitting Process

These action items are currently in work between the Project Team and the Planning and Urban Design Agency at the City of Dallas.

#### Create incentives for developers

- 1. Convene developers to identify meaningful benefits
- 1. Meet with PUD to determine acceptable incentives
- Design accountability process to ensure program moves the needle on UA

OEQS| Sustainable Development and Construction Department Building Inspection Division | PUD

OEQS | PUD | Sustainable Development and Construction Department

### RECOMMENDATION SUPPORT LAND ACCESS FOR GROWERS AND RED ACTIVITIES.



#### SOLUTIONS

Visualize the COD UA Tree Tops landscape in geographic Matchmak context, framed with equity.

Tree Tops Down Approach Ro Matchmaking for city-owned m lots

Roots Up ApproachMatchmaking model for private landowners.

3

**CoDesign Approach**Codesign Urban Agriculture Zoning and Land Use educational events/materials

#### DESCRIPTION

A visual representation of land opportunities suitable for UA,overlaid with the existing UA infrastructure, community assets, and community social determinants of health Utilizing city owned sites for either permanent or temporary agricultural use would meaningfully advance the CECAP targets of local food production and climate resilience. Collaborate with established UA practitioners to design a RFP for a decentralized database/matchmaking servicebetween aspiring farmers and landowners, for private, non-COD owned land in the North Texas region. In order to prevent unintended consequences such as causing nuisances, the COD could partner with residents and UA practitioners to understand land use and zoning guidelines for the diverse set of UA land opportunities.



#### Ongoing

18-24 Months



### RECOMMENDATION SUPPORT LAND ACCESS FOR GROWERS AND RED ACTIVITIES.







**Tree Tops Down Approach** 

Use identified UA

Develop a public

Develop urban

**Priority Area Tracts** 

version of the GIS Web

farm/garden programs

Put in place an audit/

maintenance system

Create an incentive

agreements & Interim-

program, joint use

OEQS & Officence lateral Scity

agencies and affiliates

1.

1.

1.

1.

1.

App



#### Roots Up Approach

- Reach out to existing farmland matchmaking services and inquire about best practices
- Perform targeted area land use studies in Tier 2 and Tier 1 tracts
- Convene UA practitioners and peri-urban small farmers in focus groups
- 1. Determine the most feasible implementation plan

TBD Community Partner(s)

#### Co-Design Approach

- 1. Create an UA land opportunity workshop
- Create a second workshop and brief series for land opportunities.
- A third workshop brief series could showcase successful production and community engagement techniques

DEQS | Other related City agencies and affiliates (PUD)

#### SOLUTIONS

Visualize the COD UA landscar

- 1. Create GIS Web App
- Produce Citywide and City Council District reports
- Establish COD ownership of the GIS Web App

INITIAL ACTIONS

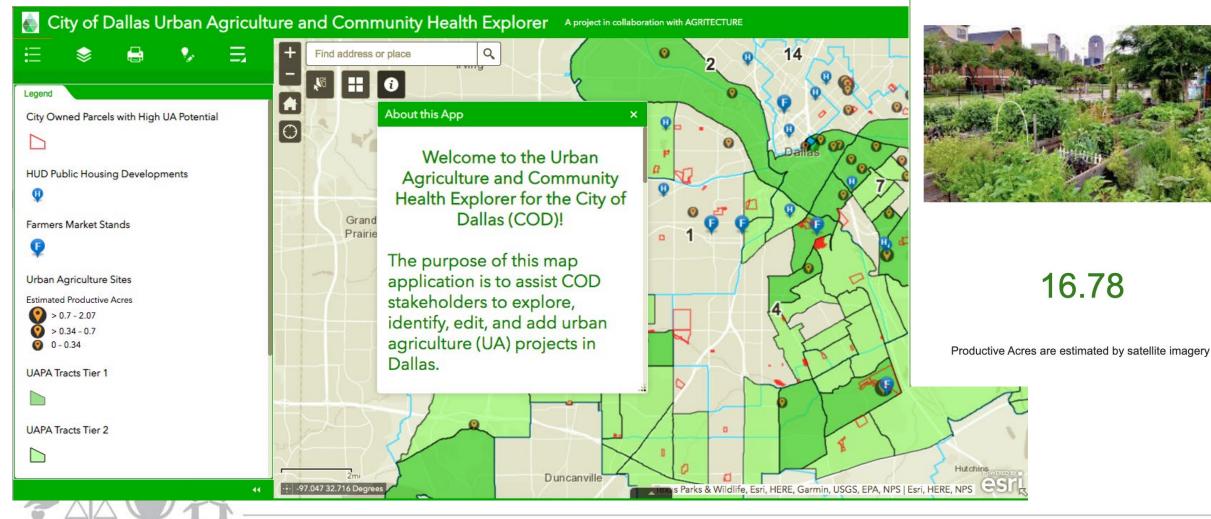
WHO LEADS/ WHO SUPPORTS

OEQS | Other related City agencies and affiliates



Infographic of Productive Acres

## **UA GIS Web Application**



#### ESTIMATED PRODUCTIVE ACRES

## RECOMMENDATION BROVIDE EDUCATION, RESOURCES, AND SUPPORT TO URBAN





UA Resource PageUA EducationUA Workforce DevelopmentCreate clear, accessible documentsDevelop and implement a cohesiveIncrease internship and traineeshipthat educate urban farmersUA education strategyopportunities

Creating a central websitewill help reduce the siloing and lack of clarity.

#### Working with DISD, HUD, local Collegeswill help disseminate knowledge to a widerange of audiences.

Topics can include: optimal growing practices, familiarity with the benefits of UA, and providing more experience for job opportunities in UA. Increasing internship and traineeship opportunities in urban agriculture will build a pipeline of talent to support local nonprofit and for profit farms.

3

#### DESCRIPTION

Community members can find available land and resources, funding opportunities, training programs, related events, and outside resources.

TIMELINE

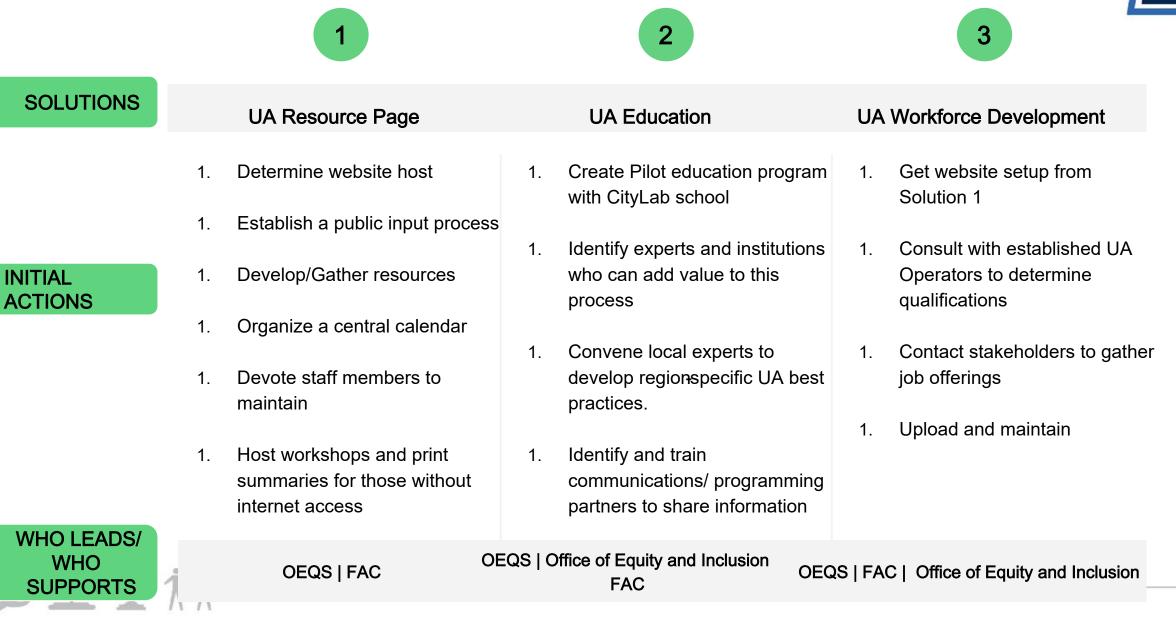
12 Months

12-18 Months

< 6 Months

## RECOMMENDATION BROVIDE EDUCATION, RESOURCES, AND SUPPORT TO URBAN





### RECOMMENDATION BUILD MARKET OPPORTUNITIES FOR URBAN GROWERS.



#### SOLUTIONS

Facilitate connections"Buy Local" campaignbetween local buyers andconsumer and businessproducersfacing elements

Reduce barriersto operating farmers markets

3

Seek funding for nutrition assistance programsto increase purchasing power of low-income consumers

#### Helping smaller growers

DESCRIPTION

access wholesale customers is one of the most impactful ways to develop a local food system. Institutions represent huge opportunities to change eating habits at scale and decrease food imports. By developing a "Buy Local" label or initiative, COD can help give local producers a**marketing and branding advantage,** making them more competitive with producers outside the region. Reducing the costs and complexity of obtaining a market permit, and financially supporting UA farmers with other marketing costs, will help growers scale up production and allow new farmers to access new markets.

Existing programs like Double Up Bucks already demonstrate the powerof coupling government assistance funding with local food production.

#### TIMELINE

Can begin soon, to ramp up as production increases

Long term, wait for increase in local production first

In progress, FAC to support

1-2 years

### RECOMMENDATION BUILD MARKET OPPORTUNITIES FOR URBAN GROWERS



## SOLUTIONS

INITIAL

**ACTIONS** 

#### Facilitate connections

- 1. Convene chefs and growers to discuss challenges with current procurement strategies and opportunities for collaboration.
- 1. Develop and disseminate a list of active producers and buyers. Share best practices
- 1. Host a section on the UA website about procurement opportunities and providers.

"Buy Local" campaign

2

- 1. Establish relationship with existing local labels
- 1. OEQS to promote the chosen label and participants on the UA resource page
- Establish procedures to prevent abuse of the label and erosion of consumer faith

1. Ordinance change, Chap 42, sec. 22

3

**Reduce barriers** 

- 1. Explore options for supporting farmers with marketing and distribution costs
- 1. Provide nocost spaces for marketing on city-owned properties.
- 1. Collaborate with DART to promote local producers.

## Seek funding for nutrition assistance programs

- 1. Understand current barriers to expansion (believed to be identifying financial matching partner)
- Explore funding opportunities, including: LFPP grant Restorative Farms
- 1. The GusNIP Nutrition Incentive Program
- 1. Produce prescription program Lexi Uribe UT
- 1. Distribution/Market at West Dallas Community Center

#### WHO LEADS/ WHO SUPPORTS

Partnership b/w COD & community partner

TBD (COD supports, not leads

OEQS| PUD | FAC

OCC | OEQS

### RECOMMENDATION FACILITATE COLLABORATION AMONG URBAN AGRICULTURE STAKE



#### SOLUTIONS

Continue a Food Advisory Coundihat represents a range of UA production systems, funding schemes, and organizational structures

Share knowledge about useful UA events and qualified content experts Develop a series of Workshops held by Urban Agriculture stakeholdersor other industry experts to increase knowledge sharing

#### DESCRIPTION

TIMELINE

Continuing building a Food Advisory Council that represents UA stakeholders assures that there is a central entity within the Dallas community that can serve to strengthen collaboration amongst stakeholders and ease communicatior with related City Departmentsand affiliates.

#### Organizing UA related events and publicizing themprovides transparency to UA resources and knowledge and builds organization capacity in the UA community.

Creating a workshop series run by the proposed Urban Agriculture or Food Advisory Council to feature experts and native Dallas Urban Agriculture Stakeholders that address commonly held problems and attempts to find agreed upon solutions. Specifically in the areas of grant writing, shared distribution and/or processing infrastructure.

## 2



Ongoing

Ongoing

6-12 Months

### RECOMMENDATION BACILITATE COLLABORATION AMONG URBAN AGRICULTURE STAKEN





**SUPPORTS** 





SOLUTIONS	Continue a Food Advisory Council	Share knowledge about useful UA events	Develop a series of Workshops held by Urban Agriculture stakeholders
	1. Set in place a meeting schedule	<ol> <li>Develop a list of useful UA events and find qualified facilitators</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Conduct an activation event on the state of Urban Agriculture in Dallas, sharing existing</li> </ol>
INITIAL	<ol> <li>Solicit initial feedback from stakeholders regarding priorities and objectives</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Create an overarching event ("Harvest Fest") in February</li> </ol>	operations, opportunities to volunteer and different business models
ACTIONS		1. Publish this information on the UA	
	<ol> <li>Implement processes for auditing and receiving recommendations</li> </ol>	Resource Page mentioned in recommendation three (3)	<ol> <li>Solicit feedback on what future workshops would be the most helpful</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Solicit feedback on which trainings and events are the most useful</li> </ol>	noipidi
WHO LEADS/			
WHO	OEQS   Urban Agriculture Stakeholder	OEQS   Office of Community Care	OEQS   FAC

### Comprehensive Urban Agriculture Plan, City of Dallas- Feedback Form

Thank you for taking the time to provide feedback on the City of Dallas's first Comprehensive Urban Agriculture Plan.

This plan is driven by FA3 of Goal 7 of the Dallas Comprehensive Environmental And Climate Action Plan (CECAP).

The targets for Goal 7 are:

- Healthy Affordable Access: 50% by 2030/100% by 2050
- Increase Urban Acreage: 20% by 2030/ 75% by 2050
- Increase Local Commercial Food Sourcing: 10% by 2030/ 50% by 2050

It is essential that this plan provide recommendations that are feasible and actionable for the City of Dallas and local Urban Agriculture stakeholders. This form has been created purposely to allow open ended comments to capture as much detail and nuance as possible.

Please provide your careful review with this in mind. We thank you in advance for your time and consideration.

If you have any questions or wish to speak with the Project Team, please contact <u>Jeffrey@agritecture.com</u>

**Overview of Sections:** 

(1) General Information

(2) Recommendation 1: Reduce regulatory barriers to urban food production.

11 11

(3) Recommendation 2: Support Land Access For Growers And Food-Related Activities

Recommendation 1: Reduce regulatory barriers to urban food production.



Do you understand the reasoning behind this recommendation after reading the Description?

"Urban farmers currently operate in legal-limbo or petition for exemptions through City Managers and/or City Council. This tedious and confusing process discourages potential new growers from establishing new commercial and community-based UA projects. Moreover, City officials themselves have stated that they do not make permitting and zoning processes easy for citizens. There is a need for clear and inclusive ordinances that provide farmers and City employees clear guidance on how to efficiently establish new UA sites."

Ο	Yes
$\bigcirc$	No

Other:

Do you believe Solution 1 is actionable and appropriate? Please answer yes or no and give an explanation.

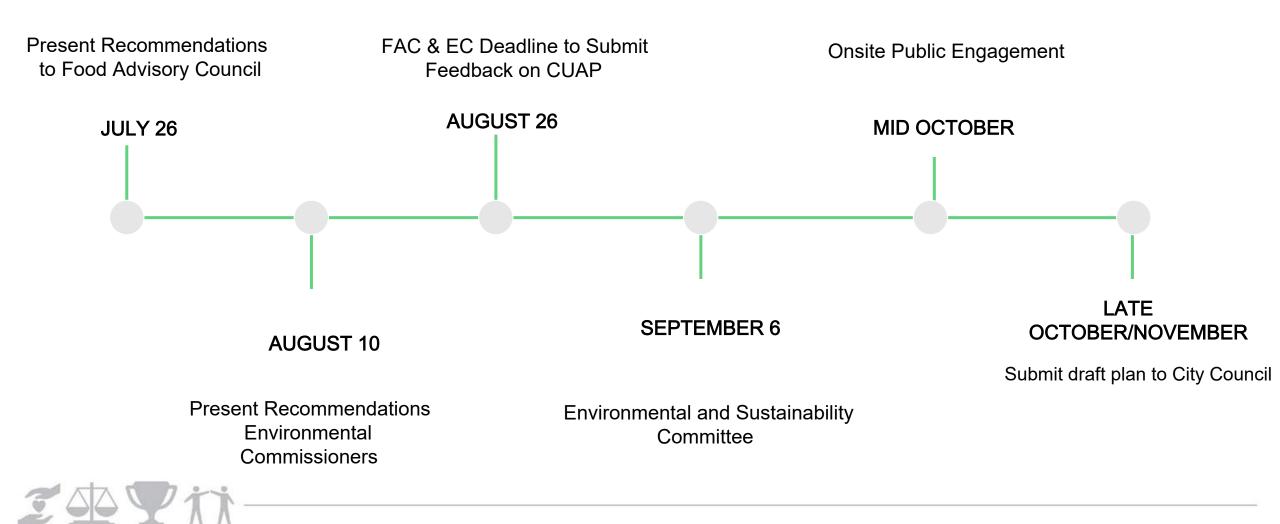
Your answer

Do you believe Solution 2 is actionable and appropriate? Please answer yes or no and give an explanation.

Your answer

# TIMELINE









## All follow-up questions may be sent to

## Rabekha Siebert - <u>rabekha.siebert@dallas.gov</u> Jeffrey Landau - <u>Jeffrey@agritecture.com</u>

